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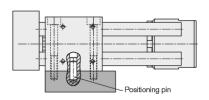
RS Hydraulic Slides

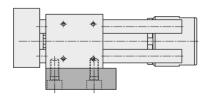
with 4 guide rods, optional stroke end control double acting, max. operating pressure 250 bar



- Standard version RSS
 7 sizes with 7 stroke lengths
- Reinforced version RSV
 4 sizes with 7 stroke lengths
 Larger spacing and diameter of the guide rods for even higher loads
- Larger force range up to 196 kN
- Piston speed up to 500 mm/s
- Stroke end cushioning piston side (rear) standard rod side (front) optional
- Seals NBR or FKM
- Stroke end control optional
 2 mechanical limit switches with potential-free contacts

Fixing possibilities





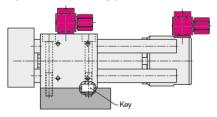
Pipe thread or manifold-mounting connection

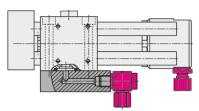
Fixation

Through holes from above or internal thread from below

- Positioning
- 2 dowel holes or keyway
- Front block optional for fixing the tool
- Guide rods chromium-plated
- Guide bushings high tensile with PTFE coating
- Maintenance free
- Special versions on request

Hydraulic connecting possibilities





r com- RS hydraulic slides on a deburring tool



Fields of application

- Pressing
- PunchingBending
- Deburring
- Cutting
- Tool manufacture
- Mould making
- Metal forming
- Assembly technology

Description

The RS hydraulic slide is a compact hydraulic cylinder with 4 laterally-mounted guiding rods for compensation of high side loads and torques.

A stable front plate is mounted on the guide rods and the piston rod, enabling the various tools to be securely fastened.

Materials

The guide rods are made of high-tensile alloy steel and are chromium-plated. All other components are galvanized.

The front block made of St37k is not corrosion protected to facilitate machining.

Important notes

The RS hydraulic slide can generate considerable forces when extending and retracting. Due to the function-related arrangement of the front block with the tools attached to it and the guide rods, there is a very high risk of crushing. This also applies to setting mode.

The user or manufacturer of the machine or fixture is obliged to provide effective protection measures.

Recommendation: Tamper-proof safety devices with electrical locking control.

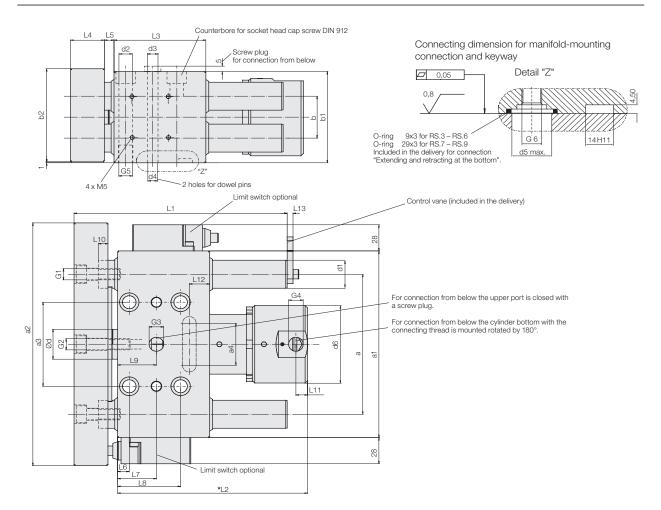
If the hydraulic slide moves against the internal cylinder stop during extending, the version with the stroke end cushioning on both sides should be used.

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Dimensions Limit switch



Limit switch

The RS hydraulic slide is optionally supplied with two mechanical limit switches mounted on the side of the housing (see code for part numbers). In the rear stroke end position, actuation is made directly by the front block.

In the front stroke end position, the 2nd limit switch is actuated by a control vane, which is always included in the delivery.

The mounting can be optionally on both sides.



Technical data

rechnical data					
Switch	1 break and 1 make contact with jump function				
Repetitive accuracy	0.05 mm				
Contacts	A300; AC-15 Ue = 240 V, le = 3 A Q300; DC-13 Ue = 350 V, le = 0,27 A as per EN / IEC 60947-5-1 appendix A				
Short circuit protection	10 A fuse type gG				
Ambient temperature	−25+70 °C				
Code class	IP66 as per EN / IEC 60529 IK05 as per E 50102				
Protection against accidental contact	Class 1 as per IEC 61140 and NF C20-030				
Cable connection	3 x PG11 with sealing plug				
Port	Screw terminals				
Terminal capacity	min. 1 x 0.34 mm ² max. 2 x 1.5 mm ²				

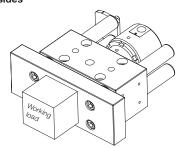
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Technical data

Available stroke lengths	50 / 75 / 100 / 125 / 150 / Special strokes on reques					
Stroke tolerance	± 1 mm (Extended ± 0.8 mm, retra	cted ±0.2 mm)				
Operating pressure	25 250 bar					
Max. piston speed	up to 500 mm/s (see char	t page 5)				
Operating temperature	NBR seals -30+ FKM seals -20+					
Hydraulic fluids	Hydraulic oil HLP HFA, HFB, HFC HFDU (see data sheet A 0.100)	Temperature range -30+100 °C -10+ 55 °C -20+150 °C	Seals NBR, FKM NBR FKM			
Hydraulic stroke end cushioning		On the piston side, i.e. effective when retracting the piston or optionally on the piston and piston rod side, i.e. effective in both stroke end positions.				
Guide rods	Chromium-plated and gro	Chromium-plated and ground				
Guide bushings	High-tensile steel with PTF Maintenance free	High-tensile steel with PTFE coating for dry running, Maintenance free				
Service life		oad, the piston speed v and the sli 100% at a slide temperature of 30	de temperature. °C, it drops to 80% at 60°C and to			

The maximum working load at the front block with stroke end cushioning on both sides



Size		Maximum working load (tool mass mw) [kg]				
		Pis	ston speed [mm	ı/s]		
	100	200	300	400	500	
RSS3	15	8	5	4	3	
RSS4	60	30	20	15	12	
RSS5	100	50	33	-	-	
RSS6 / RSV6	300	150	-	-	-	
RSS7 / RSV7	610	305	203	-	-	
RSS8 / RSV8	1750	875	-	-	-	
RSS9 / RSV9	4150	-	_	-	-	

The data in the chart apply to the following operating data:

- Operating pressure 150 bar
 Oil viscosity 22 mm²/s (HLP 22 at 40 °C)
- Hydraulic slide with stroke end cushioning on both sides
- Max. piston speed as per chart on page 5

Important! If there is only piston-side cushioning, the working load must travel against an external stop when extending.

Factors for other	operating	pressures
Operating pressure	[bar]	25

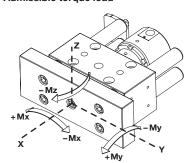
Operating pressure	[bar]	25	50	100	150	200	250
f _B		2	1.5	1.2	1	0.7	0.5
Factors for other ν Oil viscosity	iscosity ' [mm²/s]	9 0.6	22 1	32 1.2	46 1.5	68 2	100

Calculation example - Hydraulic slide RSS6

200 mm/s → working load as per chart 150 kg Piston speed

100 bar \rightarrow factor f_B = 1.2 46 mm²/s \rightarrow factor f ν = 1.5 Operating pressure Oil viscosity Maximum working load = $1.2 \cdot 1.5 \cdot 150 \text{ kg} = 270 \text{ kg}$

Admissible torque load



Size	Admissible total torque Madm [Nm]
RSS3	360
RSS4	520
RSS5	740
RSS6 / RSV6	1210 / 1540
RSS7 / RSV7	1315 / 1995
RSS8 / RSV8	1935 / 2255
RSS9 / RSV9	2590 / 3240

Resulting maximum total torque for a punching tool:

$$M_{max} = M_x + \sqrt{M_y^2 + M_z^2} \le M_{zul}$$
 [Nm]

= radial torque due to working load(m \cdot g) around the X-axis = bending moment due to working load and cutting force = bending moment due to cutting force around the Z-axis

 M_{adm} = as per the above chart

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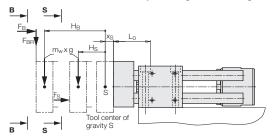
Selection of a hydraulic slide for a punching and bending tool

Task Sheet metal parts are to be punched out and bent by 45° on the top side. The hydraulic slide is installed horizontally.

 $F_{BR} = 4000 \, \text{N}$

 $H_B = 110 \text{ mm}$

1. Position and direction of the punching and bending forces



2. Required specifications

Available operating pressure Desired piston speed	p _B	= 200 bar = 200 mm/s
Kinematic oil viscosity HLP46	ν	$= 46 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$
Punching tool		
Tool mass	m_{W}	= 32 kg
Distance of the center of mass from the front block	XS	= 45 mm
Distance of the center of mass in x-direction	I_X	= 30 mm
Distance of the line center of gravity (cutting punch) from the slide axis	ly	= 40 mm
Distance of the line center of gravity (cutting punch) from the center axis	I_Z	= 12 mm
Required cutting force	Fs	= 35000 N
Piston stroke to end of cutting	H_S	= 60 mm
Bending tool		
Distance of the bending edge from the slide axis	ly	= -100 mm
Required bending force	FB	= 5500 N

3. Selection of the size

Piston stroke to end of bending

(directed downwards)

Required cutting force $F_S = 35000 \text{ N}$ Max. operating pressure $p_B = 200 \text{ bar}$

Resulting bending force when bending by 45°

Max. operating pressure $p_B = 200 \text{ bar}$ Min. piston area $A_{min} = \frac{F_s}{p_B} = \frac{35000 \text{ N}}{200 \text{ bar} \cdot 10} = 17.5 \text{ cm}^2$

→ Chart page 5 → Piston area stroke to extend → 19.63 cm²

→ Standard RSS6

Min. operating pmin = $\frac{F_s}{A_{RS.6}} = \frac{35000 \text{ N}}{19.63 \text{ cm}^2 \cdot 10} = 178.3 \text{ bar}$

Result

The size RSS6 generates a piston force of 35000 N at an operating pressure of 178.3 bar.

4. Checking the maximum working load at the front block

Tool mass $\begin{array}{ccc} m_W = 32 \text{ kg} \\ \text{Piston speed} & v_K = 200 \text{ mm/s} \\ \rightarrow \text{Chart page 3} \rightarrow \text{RSS6} \rightarrow m_{Wmax} = 150 \text{ kg} > 32 \text{ kg} \\ \text{Consideration of the factors } f_B \text{ and } f_\nu \\ \rightarrow \text{Operating pressure} & 200 \text{ bar} & \rightarrow f_B = 0.7 \\ \rightarrow \text{Kin. oil viscositiy} & 46 & \frac{mm^2}{\text{s}} \rightarrow f_\nu = 1.5 \end{array}$

Max. working load m_{Wmax} = 150 kg \cdot 0.7 \cdot 1.5 = 157 kg > 32 kg

Result

A tool mass of 32 kg is no problem for the RSS6 hydraulic slide with stroke end cushioning on both sides.

5. Calculation of the torques during punching 5.1 Bending moment by working load $m_{W}\,$

$\begin{aligned} M_{yW} &= m_W \cdot g \cdot (L_0 + x_S + H_S) \\ &= 32 \text{ kg} \cdot 9.81 \frac{m}{s^2} \cdot (64.5 \text{ mm} + 45 \text{ mm} + 60 \text{ mm}) \cdot \frac{1 \text{ m}}{1000 \text{ mm}} \end{aligned}$

$M_{yW} = 53.2 \text{ Nm}$

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5.2 Radial torque by working load mw

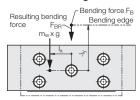
$$M_X = m_W \cdot g \cdot l_X$$

= 32 kg · 9.81 $\frac{m}{s^2}$ · 30 mm · $\frac{1 \text{ m}}{1000 \text{ mm}}$
 $M_X = 9.4 \text{ Nm}$

S-S punching stroke

Tool weight force mwxg Tool center of cravity S

B-B bending stroke



5.3 Bending moment due to cutting force F_S

$$\begin{aligned} M_{yS} &= F_S \cdot I_y \\ &= 35000 \text{ N} \cdot 40 \text{ mm} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ m}}{1000 \text{ mm}} \\ M_{yS} &= 1400 \text{ Nm} \\ M_{z} &= F_S \cdot I_z \\ &= 35000 \text{ N} \cdot 12 \text{ mm} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ m}}{1000 \text{ mm}} \\ M_{z} &= 420 \text{ Nm} \end{aligned}$$

5.4 Addition of torques My

$$M_y = M_{yW} + M_{yS}$$

= 53.2 Nm + 1400 Nm
 $M_y = 1453 \text{ Nm}$

5.5 Resulting max. total torque M_{max}

$$M_{max} = M_x + \sqrt{M_y^2 + M_z^2}$$
 $M_{max} = 9.4 \text{ Nm} + \sqrt{1453^2 + 420^2} \text{ Nm}$
 $M_{max} = 1522 \text{ Nm} > M_{adm} = 1210 \text{ Nm (as per chart page 3)}$
That is too little !!!

5.6 Result

As per chart for RSS6 \rightarrow M_{adm} = 1210 Nm **Selected is** RSV6 \rightarrow M_{adm} = 1540 Nm

6. Calculation of the torques during bending 6.1 Bending moment by working load mw

 $M_{yW} = m_W \cdot g \cdot (L_0 + x_S + H_B)$ = 32 kg · 9.81 $\frac{m}{s^2}$ · (57 mm + 45 mm + 110 mm) · $\frac{1 \text{ m}}{1000 \text{ mm}}$

$M_{yW} = 66.5 Nm$

6.2 Radial torque by working load m_W

$$\begin{array}{ll} M_X &= m_W \cdot g \cdot I_X \\ &= 32 \; kg \cdot 9.81 \; \frac{m}{s^2} \cdot 30 \; mm \cdot \frac{1 \; m}{1000 \; mm} \end{array}$$

$M_x = 9.4 \text{ Nm}$

6.3 Bending moment by bending force FB

$$M_{yB} = F_B \cdot I_y$$

= 5500 N · (-100) mm · $\frac{1 \text{ m}}{1000 \text{ mm}}$
 $M_{yB} = -550 \text{ Nm}$

6.4 Bending moment due to resulting bending force F_{BR} when bending by 45° (directed downwards)

$$\begin{aligned} M_{yBR} &= F_{BR} \cdot (L_0 + x_S + H_B) \\ &= 4000 \ N \cdot (57 \ mm + 45 \ mm + 110 \ mm) \cdot \quad \frac{1 \ m}{1000 \ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$M_{yBR} = 848 \text{ Nm}$

6.5 Max. load during bending M_{max}

$$\begin{split} &M_{max} = M_{yW} + M_{x} + M_{yB} + M_{yBR} \\ &= 66.5 \text{ Nm} + 9.4 \text{ Nm} - 550 \text{ Nm} + 848 \text{ Nm} \\ &M_{max} = 373.9 \text{ Nm} < M_{adm} = 1540 \text{ Nm} \text{ for RSV6 (as per chart page 3)} \end{split}$$

6.6 Result

The hydraulic slide RSV6 is loaded with only 374 Nm when bending the workpiece. The decisive factor for the selection of the hydraulic slide is the max. bending moment during punching Mmax = 1522 Nm!

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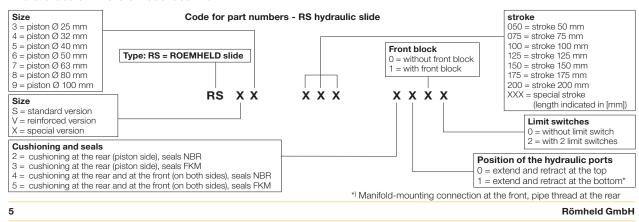
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Technical data Code for part numbers

Standard Reinforced			RSS3	RSS4	RSS5	RSS6 RSV6	RSS7 RSV7	RSS8 RSV8	RSS9 RSV9
Standard strok	es	[mm]			50 / 75 / 10	0 / 125 / 150			
Piston Ø		[mm]	25	32	40	50	63	80	100
Piston rod Ø		[mm]	16	20	25	32	40	50	60
Piston area		[]	10	20	20	OL	10	00	00
Stroke to extend		[cm ²]	4.91	8.04	12.56	19.63	31.17	50.26	78.54
Stroke to retract		[cm ²]	2.9	4.9	7.65	11.59	18.6	30.63	50.26
	00 bar	[kN]	4.91	8.04	12.56	19.63	31.17	50.26	78.54
	50 bar		12.2	20.1	31.4	49	77.9	125.6	196.3
		[kN]							
	00 bar	[kN]	2.9	4.9	7.65	11.59	18.6	30.63	50.26
	50 bar	[kN]	7.2	12.2	19.2	29	46.6	76.5	125.7
Oil volume per 10	mm stroke								
Stroke to extend		[cm ³]	4.91	8.04	12.56	19.63	31.17	50.26	78.54
Stroke to retract		[cm ³]	2.9	4.9	7.65	11.59	18.6	30.63	50.26
Max. flow rate		_							
Stroke to extend		[cm³/s]	245	402	420	420	1000	1000	1000
Stroke to retract		[cm ³ /s]	145	245	255	248	596	609	640
Max. piston spee	d	[mm/s]	500	500	333	214	320	200	127
·		[mm]	95	110	125	150	175	200	220
a ±0.02		[mm]	_	-	-	260	260	285	320
		[mm]	130	150	170	200	225	260	280
a1			130	130	170	340	340	360	400
		[mm]	-	-	-				
a2		[mm]	190	210	230	260	285	320	340
az.		[mm]	-	-	-	400	400	420	460
a3		[mm]	65	65	80	90	120	134	153
83		[mm]	-	_	-	200	200	210	230
		[mm]	29	29	29	45	60	90	110
a4		[mm]	_	_	_	80	100	150	180
		[mm]	35	40	43	45	54	54	90
b ±0.02			33	40	43	55	60	70	70
		[mm]	-						
b1		[mm]	64	74	84	98	124	124	158
~·		[mm]	-	-	-	118	128	148	158
b2		[mm]	70	80	90	100	125	125	160
UZ		[mm]	-	-	-	120	130	150	160
O-14		[mm]	16	20	25	30	30	40	40
Ød1 _{f7}		[mm]	_	_	_	35	35	45	50
Ød2		[mm]	9	11	11	14	14	17.5	17.5
Ød3		[mm]	9	11	11	11	11	13	13
Ød3 Ød4H7			8	10	10	10	10	12	12
		[mm]							
Ød5 max.		[mm]	7	7	7	7	25	25	25
Ød6		[mm]	59	64	74	83	100	123.5	150
G1			M10	M10	M12	M12	M16	M16	M20
G2			M10	M10	M12	M12	M16	M20	M24
G3			G1/4	G3/8	G3/8	G3/8	G1/2	G1/2	G1/2
G4			G1/4	G3/8	G3/8	G3/8	G1/2	G1/2	G1/2
G5			M10	M12	M12	M16	M16	M20	M20
G6			M10×1	M10×1	M10×1	M10×1	M16x1.5	M16x1.5	M16x1.5
L0		[mm]	50	59.5	59.5	64.5	70.5	73	73
		[mm]	-	-	-	57	73	72	73
L1 + stroke		[mm]	117	120	125	145	159	159	175
L2 + stroke*		[mm]	approx. 97	approx. 102	approx. 100	approx. 121	approx. 144	approx. 155	approx. 16
L3		[mm]	65	75	80	95	100	100	119
L4		[mm]	30	30	30	35	40	40	40
L5		[mm]	approx. 7	approx. 10	approx. 10	approx. 10	approx. 11	approx. 11	approx. 1
L6		[mm]	10	12	12	12	17	17	20
L7		[mm]	32	35	40	40	46	46	55
L8		[mm]	55	60	68	65	75	75	90
L9		[mm]	29	32	31	40	39	46	54
L10		[mm]	10	10	10	10	12	12	12
L11		[mm]	10	12	12	12	18	20	23
L12		[mm]	11	15	18	21	21	18	24
L12		[mm]	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
_10			alue + 25 mm	O	O	Ü	U	O	U

^{*} For stroke 50 is L2 = stroke + table value + 25 mm.



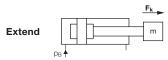
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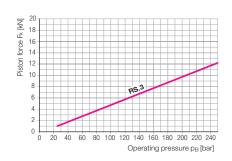


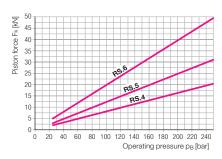
Piston force and piston speed

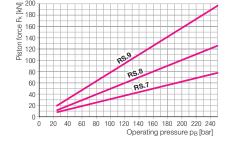
Piston force F_K as a function of the

operating pressure p_{B}

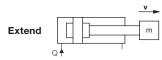


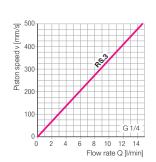


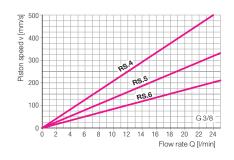


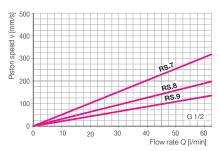


Piston speed v as a function of the flow rate Q

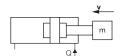


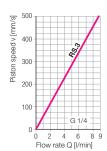


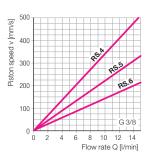


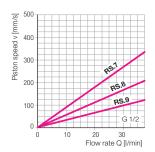


Retract









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