



B 1.852

Swing Clamps with Sturdy Swing Mechanism

Cartridge type, position monitoring optional, double acting, max. operating pressure 350 bar



Advantages

- 4 sizes available
- Short version without bottom cover
- Minimum flange dimensions
- High clamping force at low pressures
- Sturdy swing mechanism
- Insensitive against high flow rates
- Indexing of the clamping arm in a specified position is possible
- Special swing angle easily realizable

The units are available with clockwise and

counterclockwise swing motion or without

The swing angle can be limited by the insertion

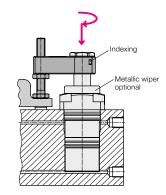
of distance plates (see page 2).

Standard FKM wiper

Swing direction

swing motion (0°).

- Metallic wiper optional
- Mounting position: any



Application

Hydraulic swing clamps are used for clamping of workpieces, when it is essential to keep the clamping area free of straps and clamping components for unrestricted workpiece loading and unloading.

Due to the sturdy swing mechanism these swing clamps are particularly suited for:

- Automatic manufacturing systems
- Clamping fixtures with workpiece loading via handling systems
- Transfer lines
- Test systems for motors, gears and axes
- Assembly lines
- Special machine tools

Wiper system

The standard FKM wiper has a high chemical resistance against most cooling and cutting fluids.

The optional metallic wiper protects the FKM wiper against mechanical damage due to big or hot swarf.

It consists of a radially floating wiping disk and a retaining disk.

The metallic wiper can be delivered already mounted ("M") or as an accessory for retrofitting (see page 4).

Attention!

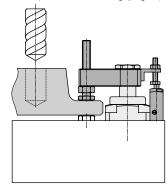
The metallic wiper is not suitable for dry machining or minimum quantity lubrication. Also in applications with very little grinding swarf, the standard FKM wiper has a better protection effect.

If there is any danger that small particles stick to the piston rod, the metallic wiper disk can also be replaced by a hard plastic disk.

Position monitoring as accessory

Clamping arm complete with angle bracket (page 4).

Pneumatic position monitoring (page 5).



Description

The hydraulic swing clamp is a pull-type cylinder where a part of the total stroke is used to swing the piston.

The favourable area ratio (piston/piston rod) allows high clamping forces already at relatively low oil pressures.

For high flow rates the swing speed is limited by an orifice in the clamping port. Thus, uniform clamping of several swing clamps is also possible when oil supply is effected through a common bore.

Due to the sturdy swing mechanism the angle position of the clamping arm remains the same after a slight collision with the workpiece during loading or unloading. Also a collision during the clamping process is not critical.

Important notes!

Swing clamps must only be used for clamping of workpieces in industrial applications and may only be operated with hydraulic oil.

They can generate very high forces. The workpiece, the fixture or the machine must be in the position to compensate these forces. In the effective area of piston rod and clamping arm there is the danger of crushing.

The manufacturer of the fixture or the machine is obliged to provide effective protection devices.

The swing clamp has no overload protection device. When mounting the clamping arm, the clamping arm or the hexagon socket in the piston have to be backed up for tightening or untightening the fixing nut.

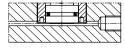
During loading and unloading of the fixture and during clamping a collision with the clamping arm has to be avoided.

Remedy: Mount position adaptor.

Operating conditions, tolerances and other data see data sheet A 0.100.

Version without bottom cover

Focusing on a short length, the bottom cover had been omitted. The piston contacts the bottom of the cartridge-type hole.

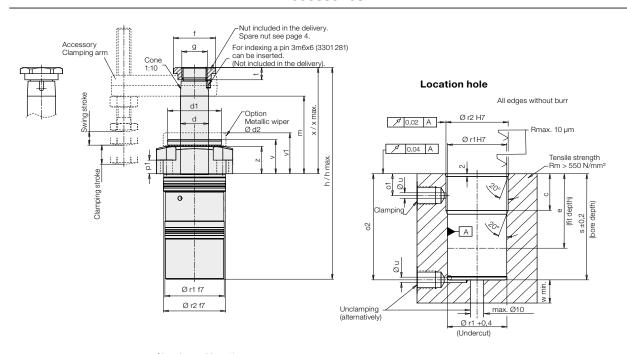


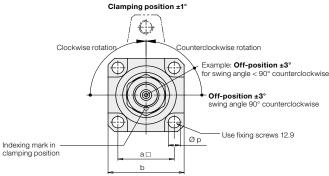
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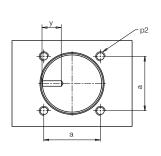
Subject to modifications



Dimensions Accessories







Swing angle

1. Swing angle 90° (standard)

Part no.
90° cw 184X F090 RXX
90° ccw 184X F090 LXX
0° 184X F000 0XX

2. Swing angle α < 90°

α = 15° to 75° in gradation of 5°

By insertion of a distance plate the return stroke of the piston is reduced and thus the swing angle is reduced.

Clamping stroke and clamping position remain the same. The swing stroke and the dimensions h, m and x are reduced by y:

 $y = (90^{\circ} - \alpha^{\circ}) * k$ (k see chart page 3)

Example:

 Swing clamp
 1845 F090 L30

 Desired swing angle
 45° ccw

 Part no.
 1845 F045 L30

Shortening:

 $y = (90^{\circ} - \alpha^{\circ}) * 0.12 \text{ mm/}^{\circ} = 5.4 \text{ mm}$

3. Swing angle > 90°

Available on request!

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Technical data

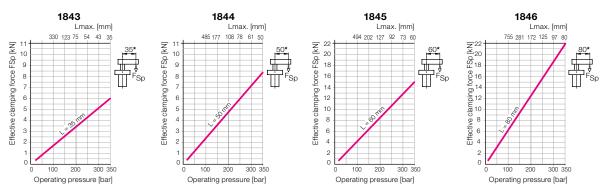
Max. pulling force	[kN]	7.5	10.5	18.4	27.5
Effective clamping force	[kN]		see diagr	am	
Clamping stroke	[mm]	12	12	15	15
Swing stroke	[mm]	11	12	15	21
Total stroke +0.4/-0.3	[mm]	23	24	30	36
Min. operating pressure	[bar]	30	30	30	30
Max. flow rate					
Clamping	[cm3/s]	10	14	32	57
Unclamping	[cm ³ /s]	20	28	60	110
Effective piston area					
Clamping	[cm ²]	2.14	3.01	5.27	7.86
Unclamping	[cm ²]	4.15	6.15	10.17	15.90
Oil volume/stroke	[cm ³]	4.9	7.2	15.8	28.3
Oil volume/return stroke	[cm ³]	9.6	14.8	30.5	57.2
Piston Ø	[mm]	23	28	36	45
a□	[mm]	33	40	50	57
b □	[mm]	43	54	67	77
С	[mm]	23	27	25	32
Ød	[mm]	16	20	25	32
Ø d1	[mm]	28	38	45	48
Ø d2	[mm]	33	42	54	54.5
e (fit depth)	[mm]	45	50	53	53
Ø f	[mm]	27	30	36	40
	liinid	M14 x 1.5	M18 x 1.5	M20 x 1.5	M28 x 1.5
g h +0.4/-0.5 / h max. ¹⁾	[mm]	150.5 / 151.8	161.5 / 163.3	188.5 / 190.3	216.9 / 217.4
k	[mm/°]	0.091	0.093	0.12	0.152
m +0.4/-0.7 ²⁾	. ,	56.4	57.9	68.9	78.3
o1 min./max.	[mm] [mm]	16/17	16/23	20/20	21/26
o2 min./max.	[mm]	50/73	53/78	57/89	58/101
		6.6	8.5	10.5	13.0
Øp	[mm]	13	10	10.5	
p1	[mm]	M6	10 M8	M10	16 M12
p2	[]				
Ø r1	[mm]	35	42	52 55	63
Ø r2	[mm]	36	44		65
s ±0.2	[mm]	73.3	78.3	89.3	101.3
t	[mm]	7.5	9	10	10
Ø u max.	[mm]	10	6	8	10
V	[mm]	25	25	29	34
v1 metallic wiper	[mm]	30	30	34	39
w min. [thickness of the bottom]	[mm]	14	16	16	20
x +0.3/-0.2 / x max. ¹⁾	[mm]	78 / 79.2	84 / 85.8	100 / 101.6	116.5 /116.8
y min.	[mm]	8	9	10	12
Z	[mm]	20	20	24.4	28.4
Weight, approx.	[kg]	0.9	1.4	2.3	3.65
Part no.					
Clockwise rotation 90°		1843 F090 R23M	1844 F090 R24M	1845 F090 R30M	1846 F090 R36 M
Counterclockwise rotation 90°		1843 F090 L23M	1844 F090 L24M	1845 F090 L30 M	1846 F090 L36M
0 degree		1843 F000 023 M	1844F000024M	1845 F000 030 M	1846 F000 036 M

¹⁾ h / x = upper edge piston h max. / x max. = upper edge nut

²⁾ m = lower edge clamping arm

M = Option metallic wiper (see also page 1)

Effective clamping force with accessory clamping arm as a function of the oil pressure



^{*} Clamping force for other lengths see page 4.

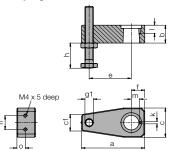
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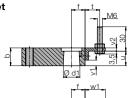
Accessories - Clamping arms • Metallic wipers Calculation of the flow rate • Calculation of the clamping force

Clamping arm, max. 350 bar

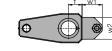


Clamping arm complete with

angle bracket

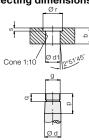




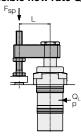


Special clamping arm

1. Connecting dimensions



2. Admissible flow rate Q*



In the chart on page 3, the admissible flow rates for clamping and unclamping with the clamping arms (accessories) are specified. Longer special clamping arms have a higher torque of inertia. To avoid an overload of the swing mechanism, the flow rate has to be re-

2.1 Moments of inertia are known

$$Q_{L} = Q_{e} * \sqrt{\frac{J_{e}}{J_{L}}} cm^{3}/s$$

Q, = Flow rate with special clamping arm

Q = Flow rate as per chart (page 3)

J_a = Moment of inertia of the clamping arm (accessory) with contact bolt (chart)

J₁ = Moment of inertia special clamping arm

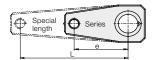
* Only for vertical mounting position!

Swing clamps		1843	1844	1845	1846
a	[mm]	58	75	93	120
b	[mm]	17	22	26	32
С	[mm]	28	36	45	60
c1	[mm]	14	20	23	28
Ød f7	[mm]	16	20	25	32
Ød1 +0.1/+0.05	[mm]	15.8	19.8	24.8	31.8
е	[mm]	35	50	60	80
f	[mm]	16	16	22	26
9	[mm]	M14x1.5	M18x1.5	M20x1.5	M28x1.5
g1	[mm]	M8	M10	M12	M16
h min/max	[mm]	5/45	6/64	7/70	9/85
Ø k +0.1	[mm]	3	3	3	3
I +0.5	[mm]	9	10	10	10.5
m ±0.05	[mm]	7.8	9.8	12	15
n	[mm]	11	17	20	20
0	[mm]	6	10	12	20
p	[mm]	22.5	27	32	39
q	[mm]	9	10	11	12.7
Ør	[mm]	20	24.5	31	34.5
S	ĺmmĺ	2.5	4	4	4.5
t	[mm]	11	17.5	19	19
u	[mm]	17	18	21	19
v1	[mm]	6	7	8	6
v2	[mm]	4	4	5	5
w1	ĺmmĺ	18	24	26	26
w2	[mm]	21	27	30	30
Part no. clamping arm		0054450	0054450	0054454	0054455
- with contact bolt	[]]	0354152 0.19	0354153 0.39	0354154 0.69	0354155 1.43
Weight, approx.	[kg]				
Moment of inertia of J _e	[kgm²]	0.00011 3548660	0.00046 3548661	0.0011 3548803	0.00398 3548804
 without thread g1 Weight, approx. 	[ka]	0.16	0.34	0.62	1.28
Moment of inertia of J	[kg] [kgm²]	0.00007	0.00033	0.00084	0.00298
- complete with angle	[kgm-]	0354156	0.00033	0354158	0354159
Angle bracket complete		0184003	0184004	0184005	0184005
Metallic wiper		0341104	0341107	0341105	0341 100
Spare put		3527002	3527014	3527000	3527015

Special clamping arm

Tightening torque

Spare nut



[Nm]

2.2 Moments of inertia not known

This simplified calculation is only applicable for clamping arms of the above shape.

Example: Swing clamps 1843

e = 35 mm as per above chart Q_a = 10 cm³/s (as per chart page 3)

 $x \frac{L}{L} = \frac{70 \text{ mm}}{25} = 2$ = e 35 mm

2. Flow rate factor

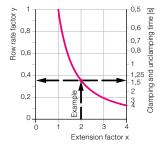
as per diagram \rightarrow y = 0.35

3. Max. flow rate

 $Q_L = y * Q_e = 0.35 * 10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s} = 3.5 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$

4. Min. clamping time

as per diagram → approx. 1.4 s



Adm. flow rate and clamping time as a function of the clamping arm extension

Clamping force and admissible operating pressure

Effective clamping force (general)

$$F_{Sp} = \frac{p}{A + (B * L)} \le F_{adm.}$$
 [kN]

3527099

3527014

Admissible clamping force
$$\label{eq:Fadm} \textbf{F}_{\text{adm}} = \frac{\textbf{C}}{\textbf{L}} \tag{kN}$$

Admissible operating pressure

$$p_{adm} = \frac{D}{L} + E \le 350$$
 [bar]

L =special length [mm] p =pressure [bar]

A, B, C, D, E = constants as per chart

Constant	1843	1844	1845	1846
Α	46.64	33.15	18.98	12.72
В	0.335	0.17	0.073	0.04
С	210	420	900	1760
D	9795	13926	17078	22386
F	70.26	71.33	65.44	70.36

Example: Swing clamps 1843

1. Admissible clamping force
$$F_{adm} = \frac{C}{L} = \frac{210}{70} = 3 \text{ kN}$$

2. Admissible operating pressure
$$p_{adm} = \frac{D}{L} + E = \frac{9795}{70} + 70.26 = 210 \ bar$$

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Accessories Pneumatic position monitoring (adjustable) • Throttling of the flow rate



Application

The pneumatic position monitoring signals the following conditions by closing two bore holes:

Clamping arm in clamping position and piston in clamping area

By the pressure increase in the pneumatic line an electro-pneumatic pressure switch or a differential pressure switch can be actuated. These electrical switching devices are integrated in the electric control so that on the clamping fixture no electricity is required.

Description

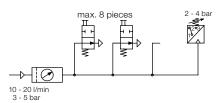
The control bolt is fitted with small clearance into the housing and is maintained by spring force in the off-position.

All components are made of stainless steel. The pneumatic is preferably supplied and

The pneumatic is preferably supplied and removed through drilled channels; this offers an optimum swarf protection.

Optionally, also pneumatic hoses NW2 can be connected.

Monitoring by pneumatic pressure switch



For the evaluation of the pressure built-up standard electro-pneumatic pressure switches can be used.

It is possible to monitor up to 8 position monitorings connected in series (see circuit diagram).

Please note!

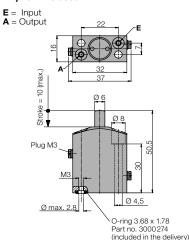
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Functioning of the pneumatic position monitorings is only process-safe, if the air quantity <u>and</u> the system pressure are throttled. The nominal values are indicated below technical data.

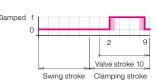
Technical data

Connection	t	O-ring or hread M3
Nominal diameter	[mm]	2
Max. air pressure	[bar]	10
Range of operating pressure	[bar]	35
Differential pressure*) at		
3 bar system pressure	[bar]	min. 1.5
5 bar system pressure	[bar]	min. 3
Air flow rate **)	[l/min]	1020
Actuating force ***)	[N/bar]	2.8
+ Spring force	[N]	6.513
Plunger stroke	[mm]	max. 10

- Pressure drop when controlling the function "Clamped", if one or several position monitorings are not operated.
- **) For measuring the air flow rate appropriate devices are available.
 Please contact us.
- ***)Port A closed.

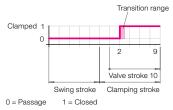


Switching range 2 ÷ 9 mm



Part no. 0353921

Switching range 2 ÷ 10 mm



Part no. 0353937

Accessories

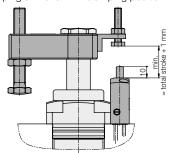
Insertion nipple fitting M3 **Part no.**

3890188

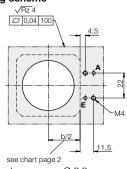
Mounting example

Attention!

Piston extended (unclamped) but clamping arm shown in clamping position.



Connecting scheme



2 connecting bores max. Ø 2.8

Pneumatic port

Drilled channels

The position monitoring is fixed to the above connecting scheme with inserted O-rings.

With the indicated distance dimensions the position monitoring is directly located at the flange of the swing clamp and has thus the correct distance for the operation of the clamping arm.

Hose connection

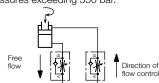
Remove the plugs M3 and screw-in the insertion nipple fitting M5 (accessory). The O-rings remain inserted for sealing at the flange-mounting surface.

Important notes

When adjusting the control cam it has to be considered that the control bolt will only be operated after completion of the swing stroke. Within the clamping range the control bolt should have a stroke reserve of approx. 1 mm also for idle strokes (without workpiece) to avoid mechanical damage.

Throttling of the flow rate

A flow rate throttling always has to be effected in the supply line to the swing clamp. This avoids a pressure intensification and thereby pressures exceeding 350 bar.



Subject to modifications

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