

RE 22075-XE

Edition: 2021-01 Replaces: 2019-09 RA78491120_AB



Directional seat valves, direct operated, with solenoid actuation

Type SEW ...XE



- ▶ Size 10
- ► Component series 1X
- ► Maximum operating pressure 420 bar
- ► Maximum flow 40 l/min



ATEX units

For potentially explosive atmospheres



Information on explosion protection:

- Area of application in accordance with the Explosion Protection Directive 2014/34/EU: II 2G; II 2D
- ► Type of protection valve:
 - Ex h IIC T4 Gb X according to EN 80079-36
 - Ex h IIIC T115°C Db X according to EN 80079-36
- ► Type of protection, solenoid coil:
 - Ex eb mb IIC T4 Gb according to EN 60079-7 / EN 60079-18
 - Ex tb IIIC T115°C Db according to EN 60079-31
- ► Solenoid coil certified according to IECEx

Features

- ▶ 3/2 or 4/2-way version
- ► For intended use in potentially explosive atmosphere
- ▶ Porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05
- ► Blocked port is tight
- Safe switching also with longer standstill periods under pressure
- ► Air-gap DC and AC solenoids
- ► Solenoid coil is rotatable by 90°
- ► Electrical connection with individual connection and cable gland
- ▶ With concealed manual override, optional

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Notice: The documentation version with which the product was supplied is valid.

ΧE

Z2



2/16 **SEW ...XE** | Directional seat valve

Ordering code

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12		13	14	4			
М		SEW	10		1X	/ 420	M			XE	Z2	/	$oxed{oxed}$					
01	Mineral oil																М	
02	3 main por	·tc				-											3	
H	4 main por																4	
03	Seat valve																SEV	V
04	Size 10																10	
Symbo	ols																	
	Main ports	;						3						4	1			
	a [A P T	₩ Ь				✓						_	-		U	
	a P T										С							
	a [a A B -						,				D						
	a [A B	∭ Ь				_						•	′		Υ	
06	Componer	nt series 1	0 19	9 (10	19: ι	ınchanged	installa	ıtion ar	nd co	nnecti	on dim	ensio	ns)				1X	
07	Operating	pressure	420 ba	ır													420	
08	Solenoid (air-gap)															М	
09	Direct volt	age 24 V															G24	1
	Direct volt		/														G11	0
	AC voltage																W110)R
	AC voltage	230 V, 50	0/60 H	Z													W230	DR
10	With conc	ealed mar	nual ov	erride	<u> </u>												N9	
		anual ove																

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12 Solenoid with terminal box and cable gland

For details of electrical connections, see page 14

For details, see information on explosion protection, page 7

Explosion protection

11 "Increased safety"

Electrical connection



Directional seat valve | **SEW ...XE** 3/16

Ordering code

01		02	03	04	05	06		07	80	09	10	11	12		13	14
М	-		SEW	10		1X	/	420	М			XE	Z2	/		

13	Without check valve insert, without throttle insert	no code
	With check valve insert	P
	Throttle Ø 1.2 mm	B12
	Throttle Ø 1.5 mm	B15
	Throttle Ø 1.8 mm	B18
	Throttle Ø 2.0 mm	B20
	Throttle Ø 2.2 mm	B22

Seal material (observe compatibility of seals with hydraulic fluid used, see page 6)

14	NBR seals	no code
	FKM seals	V

Motice:

Representation of the symbols according to DIN ISO 1219-1.



Function, section, symbols: 3/2 directional seat valve

General information

Directional valves of the type SEW are directional seat valves with solenoid actuation. They control start, stop and direction of flow.

The directional valves basically comprise a housing (1), the solenoid (2), the hardened valve system (3) and the control spool (8).

For proper functioning, the hydraulic system has to be bled properly.

Basic principle

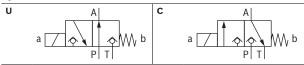
In the initial position, the control spool (8) is pressed onto the seat by the spring (9) and in spool position by the solenoid (2). The force of the solenoid (2) acts via the angled lever (6) and the ball (7) on the control spool (8) that is sealed on two sides. The chamber between the two sealing elements is connected to port P. Thus, the valve system (3) is pressure-compensated in relation to the actuating forces (solenoid or return spring).

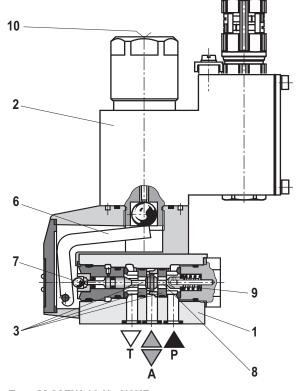
M Notices:

- ► The 3/2 directional seat valves have a "negative spool overlap". Therefore, port T must always be connected. That means that during the switching process from the starting of the opening of one valve seat to the closing of the other valve seat ports P–A–T are connected with each other. However, this process takes place within such a short time that it is irrelevant in nearly all applications.
- ► The manual override (10) allows for the switching of the valve without solenoid energization.
- Make sure that the specified maximum flow is not exceeded. A throttle insert must be used for flow limitation, if necessary (see page 13).

The seat arrangement offers the following options:

Symbols





Type M-3SEW 10 U...N9XE...

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Directional seat valve | **SEW** ...**XE**

Function, section, symbols: 4/2 directional seat valve

With a sandwich plate, the **Plus-1 subplate**, under the 3/2 directional seat valve, the function of a 4/2 directional seat valve is achieved.

Function of the Plus-1 subplate

▶ Initial position

The main valve is not actuated. The spring (9) holds the ball (4) on the seat (11). Port P is blocked and A is connected to T. Apart from that, one control line is connected from A to the large area of the control spool (12), which is thus unloaded to the tank. The pressure applied via P now pushes the ball (13) onto the seat (14). Now, P is connected to B, and A to T.

► Transition position

When the main valve is actuated, the control spool (8) is shifted against the spring (9) and pressed onto the seat (15). During this, port T is blocked, P, A, and B are briefly connected to each other.

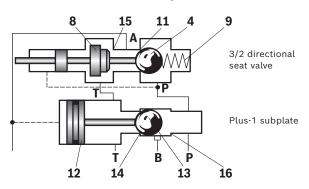
► Spool position

P is connected to A. As the pump pressure acts via A on the large area of the control spool (12), the ball (13) is pressed onto the seat (16). Thus, B is connected to T, and P to A. The ball (13) in the Plus-1 subplate has a "positive spool overlap".

Motices:

When operating 4/2 directional seat valves to control differential cylinders, the annulus area of the cylinder must only be connected with connection A of the valve. Otherwise, pressure peaks can be created while switching, which will exceed the maximum operating pressure.

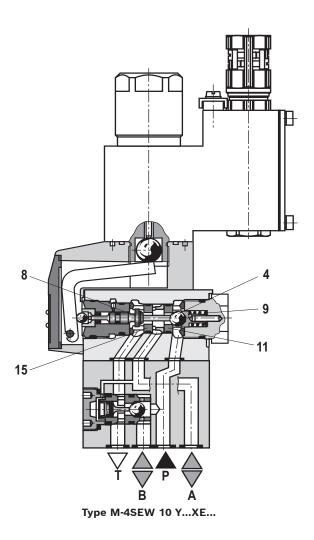
Schematic illustration: Initial position



The use of the Plus-1 subplate and the seat arrangement offer the following options:

Symbols







Technical data

(for applications outside these values, please consult us!)

General					
Installation	position		any		
Ambient ter	mperature range	°C	-20 +70 ¹⁾		
Storage ten	nperature range	°C	+5 +40		
Maximum s	torage time	Years	1		
Maximum a	idmissible acceleration a max	g	10		
Weight	► 3/2 directional seat valve	kg	3.8		
	► 4/2 directional seat valve	kg	5.3		
Surface pro	otection		Galvanized		
Maximum s	urface temperature	°C	See information on explosion protection, page 7		

Hydraulic	
Maximum operating pressure bar	See table page 9
Maximum flow l/min	40
Hydraulic fluid	See table below
Hydraulic fluid temperature range °C	-20 +80 (NBR seals) -15 +80 (FKM seals)
Viscosity range mm²/s	2.8 500
Maximum admissible degree of contamination of the hydraulic fluid, cleanliness class according to ISO 4406 (c)	Class 20/18/15 ²⁾

Hydraulic fluid		Classification	Suitable sealing materials	Standards	Data sheet	
Mineral oils	,	HL, HLP, HLPD	NBR, FKM	DIN 51524	90220	
Bio-degradable	► Insoluble in water	HETG	FKM	ISO 15380		
	HEES		FKM	150 15380	90221	
	► Soluble in water	HEPG	FKM	ISO 15380		
Flame-resistant	► Containing water	HFC (Fuchs: Hydrotherm 46M, Renosafe 500; Petrofer: Ultra Safe 620; Houghton: Safe 620; Union: Carbide HP5046)	NBR	ISO 12922	90223	

Important information on hydraulic fluids:

- ► For further information and data on the use of other hydraulic fluids, please refer to the data sheets above or contact us.
- ► There may be limitations regarding the technical valve data (temperature, pressure range, life cycle, maintenance intervals, etc.).
- ► The ignition temperature of the hydraulic fluid used must be 50 K higher than the maximum surface temperature.
- ▶ Bio-degradable and flame-resistant containing water: If components with galvanic zinc coating (e.g. version "J3" or "J5") or parts containing zinc are used, small amounts of dissolved zinc may get into the hydraulic system and cause accelerated aging of the hydraulic fluid. Zinc soap may form as a chemical reaction product, which may clog filters, nozzles and solenoid valves particularly in connection with local heat input.

► Flame-resistant – containing water:

- Due to increased cavitation tendency with HFC hydraulic fluids, the life cycle of the component may be reduced by up to 30% as compared to the use with mineral oil HLP. In order to reduce the cavitation effect, it is recommended if possible specific to the installation to back up the return flow pressure in ports T to approx. 20% of the pressure differential at the component.
- Dependent on the hydraulic fluid used, the maximum ambient and hydraulic fluid temperature must not exceed 50 °C. In order to reduce the heat input into the component, a maximum duty cycle of 50% in continuous operation has to be set for on/off valves (measuring period 300 s). If this is not possible due to the function, an energy-reducing control of these components is recommended, e.g. via a PWM plug-in amplifier.
- Observe the "Special application conditions for safe application" on page 7.
- 2) The cleanliness classes specified for the components must be adhered to in hydraulic systems. Effective filtration prevents faults and simultaneously increases the life cycle of the components.

Available filters can be found at www.boschrexroth.com/filter.

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Directional seat valve | **SEW** ...**XE**

Technical data

(for applications outside these values, please consult us!)

Electric			
Voltage type		Direct voltage	Alternating voltage
Available voltages	V	24, 110	110, 230
Voltage tolerance (nominal voltage)	%	-5 / +10	
Admissible residual ripple	%	< 5	-
Duty cycle / operating mode according to VDE 0580		S1 (continuous operation)	
Switching times according to ISO 6403	ms	See table page 8	
Maximum switching frequency	1/h	15000	7200
Nominal power at ambient temperature of 20 °C	W	17	
Maximum power with 1.1 x nominal voltage and an ambient temperature of 20 °C	W	20.6	
Protection class according to EN 60529		IP66 (With correctly installed ele	ctrical connection)

Information on explosion protection		
Area of application according to Directive 2014/34/EU	II 2G	II 2D
Type of protection of valve according to EN 80079-36 3)	Ex h IIC T4 Gb X	Ex h IIIC T115°C Db X
Maximum surface temperature ⁴⁾	115	
Temperature class	T4	_
Type of protection, solenoid coil according to EN 60079-7 / EN 60079-18 / EN 60079-31	Ex eb mb IIC T4 Gb	Ex tb IIIC T115°C Db
Type examination certificate, solenoid coil	BVS 20 ATEX E 009 X	
"IECEx Certificate of Conformity" for solenoid coil	IECEx BVS 20.0007 X	

 $^{^{\}rm 3)}~{\rm Ex}~{\rm h:}$ structural safety c according to EN 80079-37.

Special application conditions for safe application:

- ► Connection lines must be passed in a strain-relieved way. The first mounting point must be within 150 mm of the cable and line entry.
- ► Maximum ambient temperature: In case of bank assembly, as long as only one solenoid is energized at a time, and in case of individual assembly +70 °C In case of bank assembly when several solenoids are energized simultaneously +60 °C
- ▶ The maximum temperature of the surface of the valve jacket is 115 °C. This has to be considered when selecting the connection cable and/or contact of the connection cable with the surface of the jacket is to be prevented.

⁴⁾ Surface temperature > 50 °C, provide contact protection.



Switching times (installation position: solenoid horizontal)

Pressure	Flow g √ in l/min		Switching times t in ms													
р		Direct voltage				Alternating voltage										
in bar		t _{ON} (v	vithout t	ank pres	ssure)	t _C	FF	t _{ON} (v	vithout t	ank pres	sure)		t _O	FF		
		U	С	D	Υ	u, c	D, Y	U	С	D	Y	U	С	D	Υ	
140	40	25	50	25	50	12	17	25	50	25	50	50	45	55	50	
280	40	25	55	25	55	15	20	25	70	25	70	70	45	75	50	
320	40	25	55	25	55	15	20	25	75	25	75	75	45	80	50	
420	40	30	60	30	60	20	25	30	75	30	75	75	45	80	50	

Notice:

The switching times were determined at a hydraulic fluid temperature of 40 °C and a viscosity of 46 cSt. Deviating hydraulic fluid temperatures can result in different switching times! Switching times change dependent on operating time and application conditions.



Directional seat valve | SEW ...XE 9/16

Performance limits

(measured with HLP46, θ_{oil} = 40 ±5 °C)

				0	perating pr	essure in b	ar	Flow in l/min
		Symbol	Comment	Р	Α	В	т	
3-way circuit	U	a A A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B	Pressure at P ≥ A ≥ T	420	420		100	40
	С	a A W b	Fressure at P ≥ A ≥ 1	420	420		100	40
ircuit g function)	U	a A A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B	Before switching from the initial position to the spool position, pressure must be applied to port A. Pressure at A ≥ T		420		100	40
2-way circuit (as unloading function only)	С	a A M b PxT	Pressure at A ≥ T		420		100	40
4-way circuit (flow only possible in the direction of arrow)	D	a A B P T b	Valve (symbol "U") in connection with Plus-1 subplate P > A ≥ B > T	420	420	420	100	40
4-way circuit (flow only possible in direction of arrow)	Y	a A B b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b	Valve (symbol "C") in connection with Plus-1 subplate P > A ≥ B > T	420	420	420	100	40

M Notices:

- ▶ Please observe the general information.
- ▶ The performance limits were determined when the solenoids were at operating temperature, at 10% undervoltage and without tank preloading.

General information

Seat valves can be used according to the spool symbols as ▶ Seat valves have a negative spool overlap, i.e. during well as the assigned operating pressures and flows (see performance limits, page 9).

In order to ensure safe functioning, it is absolutely necessary to observe the following:

- ▶ In order to switch the valve safely or maintain it in its spool position, the pressure situation must be as follows: $P \ge A \ge T$ (for design reasons).
- ▶ The ports P, A and T (3/2 directional seat valve) as well as P, A, B and T (4/2 directional seat valve) are clearly determined according to their tasks. They must not be direction of arrow.
- the switching process, there is leakage oil. However, this process takes place within such a short time that it is irrelevant in nearly all applications.
- ▶ The specified maximum flow must not be exceeded (use a throttle insert for flow limitation, if necessary).

Plus-1 subplate:

▶ If the Plus-1 subplate (4/2 directional function) is used, the following lower operating values have to be observed:

 $p_{\min} = 8 \text{ bar}, q_{V} > 3 \text{ l/min}.$

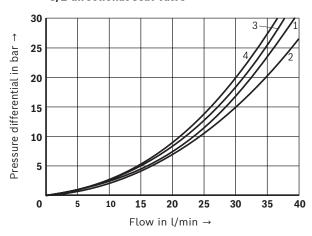
- ▶ Port T must always be connected.
- ▶ The flow is only admissible in the direction of arrow.



Characteristic curves

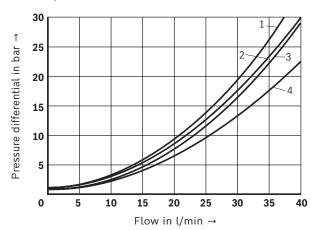
(measured with HLP46, 9oil = 40 ±5 °C)

Δp - q_V characteristic curves 3/2 directional seat valve



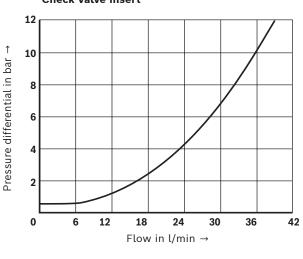
- **1** Symbol \mathbf{C} , $P \rightarrow A$
- 2 Symbol C; A → T
- **3** Symbol **U**; P → A
- 4 Symbol U; $A \rightarrow T$

Δp - q_V characteristic curves 4/2 directional seat valve

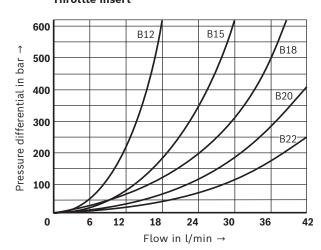


- 1 Symbol **D, Y**; $A \rightarrow T$
- **2** Symbol **D, Y**; P → A
- 3 Symbol **D**, **Y**; $P \rightarrow B$
- 4 Symbol **D, Y**; B → T

Δp - q_V characteristic curves Check valve insert



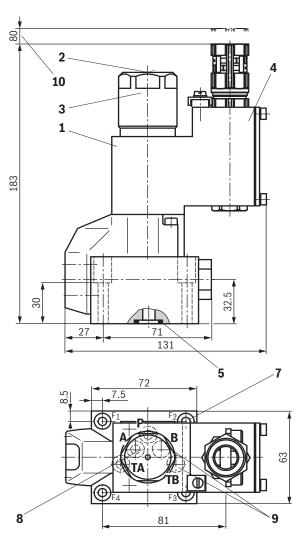
Δp - q_V characteristic curves Throttle insert





Directional seat valve | SEW ...XE 11/16

Dimensions: 3/2 directional seat valve (dimensions in mm)

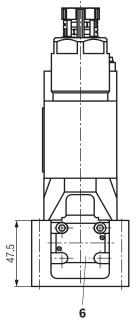


- 1 Solenoid coil
- 2 Concealed manual override "N9"
- 3 Mounting nut with hexagon SW32
- 4 Terminal box
- 5 Identical seal rings for ports A, B, T and T1, seal ring for port P
- 6 Name plate
- 7 Valve mounting screws (separate order)

Only use valve mounting screws with the subsequently listed thread diameters and strength properties. Observe the screw-in depth.

4 hexagon socket head cap screws ISO 4762 M6 x 40-10.9

(friction coefficient $\mu_{\rm total}$ = 0.09 ... 0.14); Tightening torque $M_{\rm A}$ = 12.5 Nm ±10%, Material no. **R913051533**





Required surface quality of the valve contact surface

- 8 Porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05
- 9 Notice: With 3/2 directional seat valves, ports B and TB are designed as blind counterbore.
- 10 Space required to remove the solenoid coil

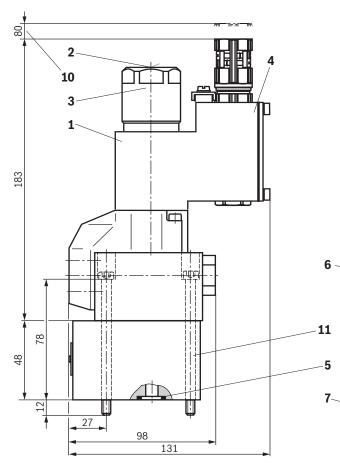
Subplates (separate order) with porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05, see data sheet 45100.

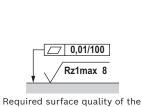
Motices:

- ➤ Subplates are no components in the sense of Directive 2014/34/EU and can be used after the manufacturer of the overall system has conducted an assessment of the risk of ignition. The "G...J3" versions are free from aluminum and/or free from magnesium and galvanized.
- ► The dimensions are nominal dimensions which are subject to tolerances.
- ► In this data sheet and deviating from ISO 4401, port T is referred to with TA and port T1 with TB.



Dimensions: 4/2 directional seat valve (dimensions in mm)





valve contact surface

Valve mounting screws (included in the scope of delivery)
 4 hexagon socket head cap screws
 ISO 4762 M6 x 90-10.9

(friction coefficient μ_{total} = 0.09 ... 0.14); Tightening torque M_{A} = 12.5 Nm ±10% Material no. **R913048089**

0

- 8 Porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05
- **9 Notice:** With 4/2 directional seat valves, port TB is designed as blind counterbore.
- 10 Space required to remove the solenoid coil
- 11 Plus-1 subplate

Subplates (separate order) with porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05, see data sheet 45100.



- 2 Concealed manual override "N9"
- 3 Mounting nut with hexagon SW32
- 4 Terminal box
- 5 Identical seal rings for ports A, B, T and T1, seal ring for port P

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6 Name plate

Motices:

- ➤ Subplates are no components in the sense of Directive 2014/34/EU and can be used after the manufacturer of the overall system has conducted an assessment of the risk of ignition. The "G...J3" versions are free from aluminum and/or free from magnesium and galvanized.
- ► The dimensions are nominal dimensions which are subject to tolerances.
- ► In this data sheet and deviating from ISO 4401, port T is referred to with TA and port T1 with TB.



Directional seat valve | SEW ...XE 13/16

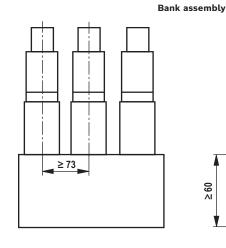
Installation conditions

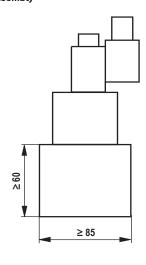
(dimensions in mm)

	Individual assembly	Bank assembly	
Subplate dimensions	Minimum dimensions	Minimum cross-section	
	Length ≥ 100, width ≥ 70, height ≥ 32	height ≥ 60, width ≥ 85	
Thermal conductivity of the subplate	≥ 36.2 W/mK		
Minimum distance between the longitudinal valve axes	≥ 73		

Individual assembly

≥ 32





Notice:

≥ 70

Observe the "Special application conditions for safe application" on page 7 with regard to the hydraulic fluid temperature.

≥ 100

Throttle insert

The use of a throttle insert is required when due to prevailing operating conditions, flows can occur during the switching processes, which exceed the performance limit of the valve.

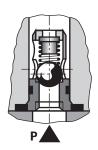
Examples:

- ► Accumulator operation,
- ▶ Use as pilot control valve with internal pilot fluid tapping.



Check valve insert

The check valve insert allows a free flow from ${\sf P}$ to ${\sf A}$ and closes ${\sf A}$ to ${\sf P}.$





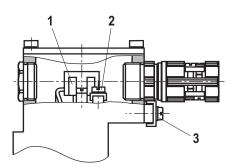
Electrical connection

The type-examination tested solenoid coil of the valve is equipped with a terminal box, a type-examination tested cable entry and a type-examination tested blind plug. The connection is polarity-independent.

Solenoid coils to be connected to AC voltage are equipped with an integrated rectifier.

Motice:

When establishing the electrical connection, the protective grounding conductor (PE $\stackrel{\perp}{=}$) has to be connected properly.



Properties of the connection terminals and mounting elements

Position	Function	Connectable line cross-section
1	Operating voltage connection	single-wire 0.75 2.5 mm ² finely stranded 0.75 1.5 mm ²
2	Connection for protective grounding conductor	single-wire max. 2.5 mm ² finely stranded max. 1.5 mm ²
3	Connection for potential equalization conductor	single-wire max. 6 mm ² finely stranded max. 4 mm ²

Connection line				
Line type	non-armored and non-shielded connection lines			
Temperature rating °C	≤-20 ≥+110			
Line diameter mm	7 10.5			

Direct voltage, polarity-independent	Alternating voltage	
+(-) • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	

Notice:

Only use finely stranded conductors if they have pressed-on wire end ferrules. $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($



Directional seat valve | SEW ...XE 15/16

Over-current fuse and switch-off voltage peaks

Voltage data in the valve type code	Nominal voltage valve solenoid	Rated current valve solenoid	Rated current external miniature fuse: Medium time-lag (M) according to DIN 41571 and EN/IEC 60127	Rated voltage, external miniature fuse: Medium time-lag (M) according to DIN 41571 and EN/IEC 60127	Maximum voltage value when switching off	Interference protection circuit
G24	24 VDC	0.708 ADC	800 mA	250 V	-90 V	Suppressor diode
G110	110 VDC	0.155 ADC	200 mA	250 V	-390 V	bi-directional
W110R	110 VAC	0.163 AAC	200 mA	250 V	-3 V	Bridge rectifier and
W230R	230 VAC	0.078 AAC	80 mA	250 V	-3 V	suppressor diode

Notice:

A fuse which corresponds to the rated current according to DIN 41571 and EN / IEC 60127 has to be connected upstream of every valve solenoid (max. 3 x $I_{\rm rated}$).

The shut-off threshold of the fuse has to match the prospective short-circuit current of the supply source.

The prospective short-circuit current of the supply source may amount to a maximum of 1500 A.

may cause faults in the connected control electronics.

This fuse may only be installed outside the potentially explosive atmospheres or must be of an explosion-proof design. When inductivities are switched off, voltage peaks result which

Further information

▶ Subplates
 ▶ Use of non-electrical hydraulic components in an explosive environment (ATEX)
 ▶ Hydraulic fluids on mineral oil basis
 ▶ Environmentally compatible hydraulic fluids
 ▶ Data sheet 90221

Flame-resistant hydraulic fluids - containing water (HFAE, HFAS, HFB, HFC)

Data sheet 90223

- ▶ Directional seat valves, direct operated, with solenoid actuation
- ► Selection of filters
- ► Information on available spare parts