

The Drive & Control Company



Proportional pressure reducing valve, pilot operated

RE 29278

Edition: 2012-12 Replaces: 11.11

Type DRE(M) and DRE(M)E



- ▶ Size 32
- ► Component series 6X
- ▶ Maximum operating pressure 315 bar
- ► Maximum flow: 300 l/min

Features

- ► Valve for reducing an operating pressure
- ▶ Operation by means of proportional solenoid
- ▶ Proportional solenoid with rotatable and detachable coil
- ► For subplate mounting:
 - Porting pattern according to ISO 5781
- ► Optional check valve between A and B
- Maximum pressure limitation optional
 Valve and control electronics from a single source
- ► Integrated electronics (OBE) with type DREME: Little manufacturing tolerance of the command value pressure characteristic curve
- External control electronics with type DRE and DREM (separate order)

Contents

Features	1
Ordering code	2, 3
Symbols	3
Function, section	4, 5
Technical data	6, 7
Electrical connection	8, 9
Integrated electronics (OBE)	9
Characteristic curves	10 14
Device dimensions	15, 16
Accessories	16



Ordering code

01	02	03	04	,	05		06	07	80	09	10	11	12	13	14
DRF		ı	20	I	I SY	ı /	I	IV	l	1 C 2 /	ı	l	ı	ı	*

01	Proportional pressure reducing valve	DRE
02	Without maximum pressure limitation	no code
	With maximum pressure limitation	M 1)
03	For external control electronics	no code
	With integrated electronics (OBE)	E
Size		
04	Size 32	30
05	Component series 60 to 69 (60 to 69: Unchanged installation and connection dimensions)	6X
Pres	sure rating	-
06	Up to 50 bar	50
	Up to 100 bar	100
	Up to 200 bar	200
	Up to 315 bar	315
07	Pilot oil return always external, separately and at zero pressure to the tank	Y
08	With check valve between A and B	no code
	Without check valve	М
Supp	ly voltage	
09	24 V DC voltage	G24
10	1600 mA coil	no code
	800 mA coil	-8 2)

¹⁾ The maximum pressure limitation only serves as protection against overpressure in case of an error in the pilot valve (e.g. in case of contamination or over-current).

²⁾ Replacement for series 4X (Attention! External amplifiers only suitable for G24 = 1.6 A solenoid), see accessories.



Proportional pressure reducing valve, pilot operated | **DRE(M)**; **DRE(M)E** 3/16

Ordering code

DD		\neg	20	CV	1 , 1		V		004					
01	02	00	3 04	05		06	07	80	09	10	11	12	13	14

Electrical connection

11	For type DBEM:					
	Vithout mating connector; connector DIN EN 175301-803					
	For type DBEME:					
	Without mating connector; connector DIN EN 175201-804	K31 ³⁾				

Electronics interface

1:	2 Command value 0 to 10 V	A1
	Command value 4 to 20 mA	F1
	With DBEM	no code

Seal material

ſ	13	NBR seals	М
		FKM seals	V
		Attention: Observe compatibility of seals with hydraulic fluid used!	

14	Further details in the plain text	
----	-----------------------------------	--

³⁾ Mating connectors, separate order, see page 8 and 16

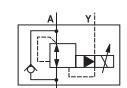
Symbols

For external control electronics:



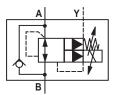
DRE 30-6X/...**YM**...

DREM 30-6X/...**YM**...

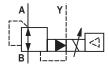


DRE 30-6X/...**Y**...

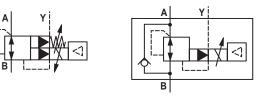
DREM 30-6X/...Y...



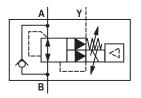
With integrated electronics:



DREE 30-6X/...**YM**... DREME 30-6X/...**YM**...



DREE 30-6X/...Y...



DREME 30-6X/...Y...



Function, section

Valves of type DRE(M) are pilot operated pressure reducing valves. They are used to reduce an operating pressure. These valves basically consist of a pilot control valve (1) with proportional solenoid (2), a main valve (3) with main spool insert (4), as well as an optional check valve (5).

Type DRE...

The pressure in channel A is set in a command value-dependent form via the proportional solenoid (2).

In rest position – no pressure in channel B –, the spring (11) holds the main spool (4) in its initial position. The connection from channel B to A is open.

The pressure in channel A acts on the bottom side of the main spool in closing direction and the pressure of the pilot control valve on the spring side of the main spool in the opening direction from channel B to A.

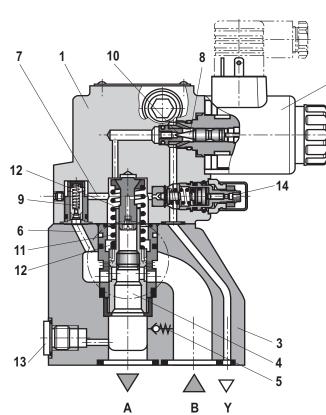
The pilot oil is taken from channel B and flows via the bore (6) to the fixed flow control (9) keeping the pilot flow constant, independent of the pressure drop between channel A and B. From the fixed flow control (9), the pilot flow flows through the bores (7) via the valve seat (10) by the valve poppet (8) into the Y channel to the tank.

The pressure required in channel A is preset at the related amplifier. The proportional solenoid pushes the valve poppet (8) in the direction of the valve seat (10) and limits the pressure in the spring chamber (12) to the set value. In the control position of the main spool (4), the hydraulic fluid flows from channel B to A and generates the pressure in channel A (setting of the pilot control valve plus spring (11)). If the set pressure in A is achieved, the forces at the main spool are balanced.

When the actuator connected to port A is not moving (e.g. cylinder piston at stop), and a lower pressure is set in channel A via the proportional solenoid (2), the main spool (4) closes the connection from B to A and at the same time opens the connection from channel A to the spring chamber (12) of the main spool (4). In this position, the compression volume in channel A can expand via the pilot control valve (1) and port Y.

For the free flow back from channel A to B, a check valve (5) can optionally be installed.

A pressure gauge connection (13) allows for the control of the reduced pressure in channel A.



Type DREM...

For the hydraulic protection against an inadmissible high electric control current at the proportional solenoid which inevitably results in excessive pressures in port A, you can optionally install a spring-loaded pressure relief valve as maximum pressure limitation (14). The maximum pressure limitation is pre-set, referred to the relevant pressure rating (see page 6).

Type DREM.30-4X/.YG24K4... (with check valve)



Proportional pressure reducing valve, pilot operated | **DRE(M)**; **DRE(M)E** 5/16

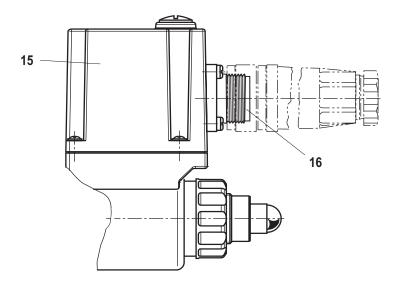
Function, section

Type DRE(M)E – with integrated electronics (OBE) With regard to function and set-up, these types correspond to type DRE. On the proportional solenoid, there is moreover a housing (15) with the control electronics. Supply and command value voltage are applied to the connector (16).

In the factory, the command value pressure characteristic curve is adjusted with little manufacturing tolerance.

For more information on the control electronics, see page 9.

Type DRE(M)E...-6X/...YG24K31...





Technical data

(For applications outside these parameters, please consult us!)

90 % → 10 % ms ~250 1 liter at port A	general					
Any	Weight -	-Type DRE and DREM	kg	8.6		
Storage temperature range		Type DREE and DREME	kg	8.7		
Ambient temperature range	Installation position			Any		
Application	Storage temperature range		°C	-20 to +80		
hydraulic (measured with HLP46, \$\mathbb{S}_{oll} = 40 ± 5 °C)\$ Maximum operating pressure — Port A and B — Port Y — bar Separately and to the tank at zero pressure Maximum set pressure in channel A — Pressure rating 50 bar — Pressure rating 100 bar — Pressure rating 200 bar — Pressure rating 315 bar bar 315 50 Minimum set pressure in channel A with command value zero bar 315 Maximum pressure limitation, fixedly set: — Pressure rating 315 bar bar — Pressure rating 100 bar — Pressure rating 100 bar — Pressure rating 200 bar — Pressure rating 200 bar — Pressure rating 200 bar — Pressure rating 315 bar bar To 330 bar — Pressure rating 315 bar bar To 330 bar — Pressure rating 315 bar bar To 330 bar — Pressure rating 315 bar bar To 330 bar — Pressure rating 315 bar bar To 330 bar — Pressure rating 315 bar bar To 330 bar — Pressure rating 315 bar bar To 330 bar — Pressure rating 315 bar bar To 330 bar — Pressure rating 315 bar bar To 330 bar — Pressure rating 315 bar bar To 350 bar — Pr	Ambient temperature range -	-Type DRE and DREM	°C	-20 to +70		
A maximum operating pressure - Port A and B - Port Y - Po	_	-Type DREE and DREME	°C	-20 to +50		
A maximum operating pressure - Port A and B - Port Y - Po			,			
Maximum set pressure in channel A Port Y bar Separately and to the tank at zero pressure or pressure at the tank at zero pressure and to the tank at zero pressure sure sure and to the tank at zero pressure sure sure and to the tank at zero pressure sure sure and to the tank at zero pressure sure sure and the tank at zero pressure sure sure sure and to	hydraulic (measured with HLP4	6, 9_{oil} = 40 ± 5 °C)	,			
Maximum set pressure in channel A	Maximum operating pressure	– Port A and B	bar	315		
Pressure rating 100 bar bar 200		– Port Y	bar	Separately and to the tank at zero pressure		
Pressure rating 200 bar	Maximum set pressure in channe	el A Pressure rating 50 bar	bar	50		
Pressure rating 315 bar bar See characteristic curve page 14		- Pressure rating 100 bar	bar	100		
Minimum set pressure in channel A with command value zero bar See characteristic curve page 14 Maximum pressure limitation, fixedly set: - Pressure rating 50 bar bar 70 75 bar 70 130 bar 70 230 b		- Pressure rating 200 bar	bar	200		
Maximum pressure limitation, fixedly set: $ - Pressure rating 50 bar bar - Pressure rating 100 bar bar - Pressure rating 200 bar bar - Pressure rating 200 bar bar - Pressure rating 315 bar bar To 230 bar To 350 bar To 3$		– Pressure rating 315 bar	bar	315		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Minimum set pressure in channe	el A with command value zero	bar	See characteristic curve page 14		
$- \text{Pressure rating 100 bar} \qquad \text{bar} \qquad \text{To 130 bar} \qquad \\ - \text{Pressure rating 200 bar} \qquad \text{bar} \qquad \text{To 230 bar} \qquad \\ - \text{Pressure rating 315 bar} \qquad \text{bar} \qquad \text{To 350 bar} \qquad \\ - \text{Pressure rating 315 bar} \qquad \text{bar} \qquad \text{To 350 bar} \qquad \\ \text{Maximum flow of the main valve} \qquad \qquad \text{I/min} \qquad \qquad 300 \qquad \\ \text{Pilot flow} \qquad \qquad \text{I/min} \qquad \qquad 300 \qquad \\ \text{Hydraulic fluid} \qquad \qquad & \text{See table page 7} \qquad \\ \text{Hydraulic fluid temperature range} \qquad & ^{\circ}\text{C} \qquad -20 \text{ to +70} \qquad \\ \text{Viscosity range} \qquad \qquad & \text{mm}^2/\text{s} \qquad 15 \text{ to 380} \qquad \\ \text{Maximum admissible degree of contamination of the hydraulic fluid - cleanliness class according to ISO 4406 (c)} \qquad & \text{4.3 of the maximum set pressure }^2\text{)} \qquad \\ \text{Hysteresis} \qquad & \text{4.3 of the maximum set pressure }^2\text{)} \qquad \\ \text{Linearity} \qquad & \text{4.3.5 of the maximum set pressure }^2\text{)} \qquad \\ \text{Manufacturing tolerance of the command value pressure characteristic curve, related to the hysteresis characteristic curve; pressure increasing} \qquad & \text{-Type DRE(M)E} \qquad & \text{4.5 of the maximum set pressure} \\ \text{Step response } \textbf{\textit{T}}_{\textbf{u}} + \textbf{\textit{T}}_{\textbf{g}} \qquad & \text{10 } \% \rightarrow 90 \% \qquad \text{ms} \qquad ^{\sim} 160 \qquad Measured with standing hydraulic fluid contamination of the hydraulic fluid contamina$	Maximum pressure limitation, fix	kedly set:		Set in the factory:		
$ - \text{Pressure rating 200 bar} \qquad \text{bar} \qquad \text{To 230 bar} \\ - \text{Pressure rating 315 bar} \qquad \text{bar} \qquad \text{To 350 bar} \\ \text{Maximum flow of the main valve} \qquad 1/\text{min} \qquad 300 \\ \text{Pilot flow} \qquad 1/\text{min} \qquad 1.0 \\ \text{Hydraulic fluid} \qquad \text{See table page 7} \\ \text{Hydraulic fluid temperature range} \qquad \text{°C} \qquad -20 \text{ to +70} \\ \text{Viscosity range} \qquad \text{mm}^2/\text{s} \qquad 15 \text{ to 380} \\ \text{Maximum admissible degree of contamination of the hydraulic fluid - cleanliness class according to ISO 4406 (c)} \\ \text{Hysteresis} \qquad \qquad \text{$ \pm 3 \text{ of the maximum set pressure }^2 \text{)} } \\ \text{Repetition accuracy} \qquad \qquad \text{$ \pm 3 \text{ of the maximum set pressure }^2 \text{)} } \\ \text{Linearity} \qquad \qquad \text{$ \pm 3.5 \text{ of the maximum set pressure }^2 \text{)} } \\ \text{Manufacturing tolerance of the command value pressure characteristic curve, related to the hysteresis characteristic curve; pressure increasing} \\ \text{Step response } \textit{\textbf{T}}_{\text{U}} + \textit{\textbf{T}}_{\text{g}} \qquad \frac{10 \text{ \%} \rightarrow 90 \text{ \%}}{90 \text{ \%} \rightarrow 10 \text{ \%}} \qquad \text{ms} \qquad \text{$ -250} \qquad \text{Measured with standing hydraulic fluid of the pressure of the command value pressure} \\ \text{Massured with standing hydraulic fluid compared to the hysteresis characteristic curve; pressure increasing} \\ \text{Step response } \textit{\textbf{T}}_{\text{U}} + \textit{\textbf{T}}_{\text{g}} \qquad \frac{10 \text{ \%} \rightarrow 90 \text{ \%}}{90 \text{ \%} \rightarrow 10 \text{ \%}} \qquad \text{ms} \qquad \text{$ -250} \qquad Measured with standing hydraulic fluid compared to the properties of th$		- Pressure rating 50 bar	bar	To 75 bar		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		- Pressure rating 100 bar	bar	To 130 bar		
Maximum flow of the main valve $ /min $ 300 Pilot flow $ /min $ 1.0 Hydraulic fluid See table page 7 Hydraulic fluid temperature range $ ^{\circ}C $ -20 to +70 Viscosity range $ ^{\circ}Mm^2/s $ 15 to 380 Maximum admissible degree of contamination of the hydraulic fluid cleanliness class according to ISO 4406 (c) Hysteresis $ ^{\circ}Mm^2/s $ 15 to 480 Repetition accuracy $ ^{\circ}Mm^2/s $ 20 f the maximum set pressure $ ^{\circ}Mm^2/s $ 21.5 of the maximum set pressure $ ^{\circ}Mm^2/s $ 22.5 of the maximum set pressure $ ^{\circ}Mm^2/s $ 23.5 of the maximum set pressure $ ^{\circ}Mm^2/s $ 25.5 of the maximum set pressur		- Pressure rating 200 bar	bar	To 230 bar		
Pilot flow I/min 1.0 Hydraulic fluid See table page 7 Hydraulic fluid temperature range °C -20 to +70 Viscosity range mm²/s 15 to 380 Maximum admissible degree of contamination of the hydraulic fluid - cleanliness class according to ISO 4406 (c) Hysteresis % ± 3 of the maximum set pressure ± 3 of the maximum set pressure ± 3 . For the maximu		– Pressure rating 315 bar	bar	To 350 bar		
Hydraulic fluid See table page 7 Hydraulic fluid temperature range $^{\circ}$ C	Maximum flow of the main valve		l/min	300		
Hydraulic fluid temperature range $^{\circ}$ C $^{$	Pilot flow		l/min	1.0		
Viscosity range \mbox{mm}^2/\mbox{s} 15 to 380 Maximum admissible degree of contamination of the hydraulic fluid - cleanliness class according to ISO 4406 (c) Hysteresis $\mbox{$^\circ$}$ ± 3 of the maximum set pressure 2) Repetition accuracy $\mbox{$^\circ$}$ ± 2 of the maximum set pressure 2) Linearity $\mbox{$^\circ$}$ ± 3.5 of the maximum set pressure 2) Manufacturing tolerance of the command value pressure characteristic curve, related to the hysteresis characteristic curve; pressure increasing Step response $\mbox{$^\circ$}$ \m	Hydraulic fluid			See table page 7		
Maximum admissible degree of contamination of the hydraulic fluid - cleanliness class according to ISO 4406 (c) Hysteresis	Hydraulic fluid temperature rang	ge	°C	-20 to +70		
Cleanliness class according to ISO 4406 (c) Hysteresis Repetition accuracy Linearity Manufacturing tolerance of the command value pressure characteristic curver, related to the hysteresis characteristic curve; pressure increasing Step response $T_{\rm u} + T_{\rm g}$ $10 \% \rightarrow 90 \%$ Step response $T_{\rm u} + T_{\rm g}$ $10 \% \rightarrow 90 \%$ Step response $T_{\rm u} + T_{\rm g}$ $10 \% \rightarrow 90 \%$ Step response $T_{\rm u} + T_{\rm g}$ $10 \% \rightarrow 90 \%$ Step response $T_{\rm u} + T_{\rm g}$ $10 \% \rightarrow 90 \%$ Measured with standing hydraulic fluid contains the first port A standing hydraul	Viscosity range		mm²/s	15 to 380		
Repetition accuracy **Seperation accuracy**	•	•	uid -	Class 20/18/15 ¹⁾		
Linearity Manufacturing tolerance of the command value pressure characteristic curve, related to the hysteresis characteristic curve; pressure increasing Step response $T_u + T_g$ $T_g = T_g = T$	Hysteresis		%	±3 of the maximum set pressure ²⁾		
Manufacturing tolerance of the command value pressure characteristic curve, related to the hysteresis characteristic curve; pressure increasing Step response $T_u + T_g$ Type DRE(M) T	Repetition accuracy		%	< ±2 of the maximum set pressure ²⁾		
mand value pressure characteristic curve, related to the hysteresis characteristic curve; pressure increasing Step response $T_u + T_g$ Type DRE(M)E Typ	Linearity		%	±3.5 of the maximum set pressure ²⁾		
curve, related to the hysteresis characteristic curve; pressure increasing Step response $T_u + T_g$ $\begin{array}{c} 10 \% \rightarrow 90 \% \\ 90 \% \rightarrow 10 \% \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} ms \\ \sim 250 \\ \end{array}$ Measured with standing hydraulic fluid or 1 liter at port A Step response $T_u + T_g$ $\begin{array}{c} 10 \% \rightarrow 90 \% \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} ms \\ \sim 250 \\ \end{array}$ Measured with standing hydraulic fluid or 2 liter at port A Step response $T_u + T_g$ $\begin{array}{c} 10 \% \rightarrow 90 \% \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} ms \\ \sim 250 \\ \end{array}$ Measured with standing hydraulic fluid or 2 liter at port A	•	31	%	±5 of the maximum set pressure ²⁾		
Step response $T_u + T_g$ $10 \% \rightarrow 90 \%$ ms ~ 160 Measured with standing hydraulic fluid of $90 \% \rightarrow 10 \%$ ms ~ 250 1 liter at port A Step response $T_u + T_g$ $10 \% \rightarrow 90 \%$ ms ~ 250 Measured with standing hydraulic fluid of T_g Measured with standing hydraulic fluid of T_g $T_$	curve, related to the hysteresis o	char-	%	±1.5 of the maximum set pressure		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			ms	~160 Measured with standing hydraulic fluid column		
	-	90 % → 10 %	ms	~250 1 liter at port A		
	Step response T _u + T _g	10 % → 90 %	ms	~250 Measured with standing hydraulic fluid column		
	-	90 % → 10 %	ms			

¹⁾ The cleanliness classes specified for the components must be adhered to in hydraulic systems. Effective filtration prevents faults and at the same time increases the life cycle of the components. For the selection of the filters see www.boschrexroth.com/filter.

²⁾ Does not apply to types "G24-8"

7/16



Proportional pressure reducing valve, pilot operated | DRE(M); DRE(M)E

Technical data

(For applications outside these parameters, please consult us!)

Hydraulic fluid		Classification	Suitable sealing materials	Standards	
Mineral oils and related hydrocarbons		HL, HLP, HLPD, HLPP	NBR, FKM	DIN 51524	
Flame-resistant	– water-free	HFDU, HFDR	FKM	ISO 12922	
	– containing water	HFC Fuchs Hydrotherm 46M Petrofer Ultra Safe 620	NBR	ISO 12922	

Important information on hydraulic fluids!

- ► For more information and data on the use of other hydraulic fluids refer to data sheet 90220 or contact us!
- ▶ The flash point of the hydraulic fluid used must be 40 K higher than the maximum solenoid surface temperature.
- ► Flame-resistant containing water: Maximum pressure differential 210 bar, otherwise, increased cavitation erosion. The pressure peaks should not exceed the maximum operating pressures! Life cycle as compared to HLP 30 to 100 % Fluid temperature maximum 60 °C

electric			G24	G24-8
Minimum solenoid current		mA	≤ 100	≤ 100
Maximum solenoid current	t	mA	1600 ±10 %	800 ±5 %
Solenoid coil resistance	– Cold value at 20 °C	Ω	5.5	20.6
	- Maximum hot value	Ω	8.05	33
Duty cycle		%	100	100

electrical, integrated	electronics (OBE)	'	
Supply voltage	- Nominal voltage	VDC	24
	- Lower limit	VDC	21
	– Upper limit	VDC	35
Current consumption A			≤ 1.5
Required fuse protect	tion	А	2, time-lag
Inputs	- Voltage	V	0 to 10
	- Current	mA	4 to 20
Output	- Actual current value	mV	1 mV ≜ 1 mA
Protection class of the	e valve according to EN 60529	IP 65 with mating connector mounted and locked	

Caution!

At an ambient temperature of 70 $^{\circ}$ C and a duty cycle of 100 % with max. current, the coil of the 800 mA solenoid reaches temperatures of up to 170 $^{\circ}$ C. Contact with the coil may lead to burns.

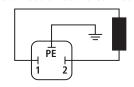


Electrical connection

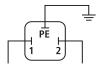
(dimensions in mm)

Type DRE(M)

Connection at the connector

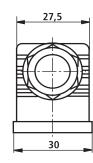


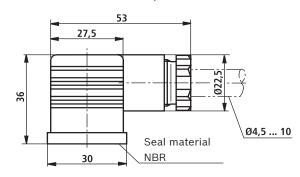
Connection at mating connector



to the amplifier

Mating connector (black) according to DIN EN 175301-803 Material no. **R901017011** (separate order)



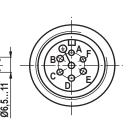


Type DRE(M)E

Device connector allocation	Contact	Allocation interface "A1"	Allocation interface "F1"
Complement	А	24 VDC (u(t) = 21 V to 35 V); $I_{max} \le 1.5 \text{ A}$	
Supply voltage	В	0 V	
Reference potential actual value	С	Reference contact F; 0 V	Reference contact F; 0 V
Differential and life and and	D	0 to 10 V; R _E = 100 kΩ	4 to 20 mA; R_E = 100 Ω
Differential amplifier input	E	Reference potential command value	
Measuring output (actual value)	F	0 to 1.6 V actual value (1 mV ≜ 1 mA) Load resistance > 10 kΩ	
Protective earth	PE	Connected to solenoid and valve housing	

Mating connectors according to DIN EN 175201-804, solder contacts for line cross-section 0.5 to 1.5 mm²

Plastic version, material no. **R900021267** (separate order)



Metal version, material no. **R900223890** (separate order)



Bosch Rexroth AG, RE 29278, edition: 2012-12

85

9/16



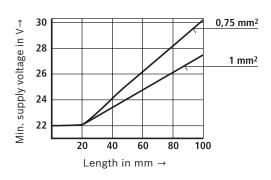
Proportional pressure reducing valve, pilot operated | DRE(M); DRE(M)E

Electrical connection

Connection cable for type DRE(M)E

- Recommendation 6-wire, 0.75 or 1 mm² plus protective earthing conductor and screening
- Only connect the screening to PE on the supply side
- Maximum admissible length 100 m

The minimum supply voltage at the mains adapter depends on the length of the supply line (see diagram).



Integrated electronics (OBE) with type DRE(M)E

Function

The electronics are supplied with voltage via ports A and B. The command value is applied to the differential amplifier ports D and E.

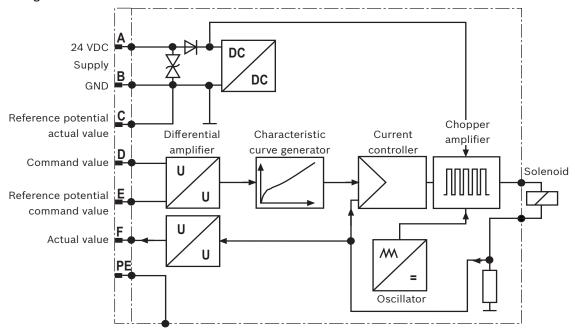
Via the characteristic curve generator, the command value solenoid current characteristic curve is adjusted to the valve so that non-linearities in the hydraulics are compensated for and a linear command value pressure characteristic curve is created.

The current controller controls the solenoid current independent of the solenoid coil resistance.

The power stage of the electronics for controlling the proportional solenoid is a chopper amplifier with a cycle frequency of approx. 180 Hz to 400 Hz. The output signal is pulse-width modulated (PWM).

For checking the solenoid current, a voltage can be measured at the connector between pin F(+) and pin C(-) that is proportional to the solenoid current. **1 mV** corresponds to **1 mA** solenoid current.

Block diagram

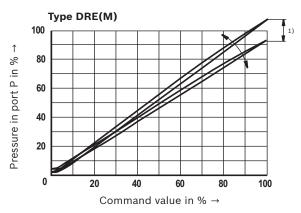


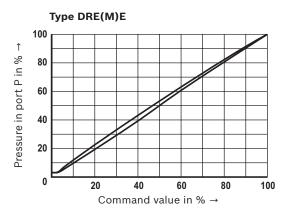


Characteristic curves

(measured with HLP46, 9oil = 40 ±5 °C)

Pressure in port P depending on the command value (flow = 0.8 l/min)



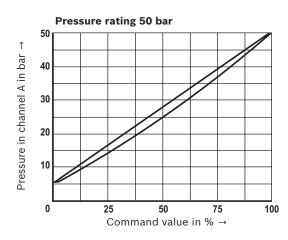


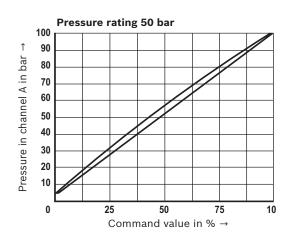
¹⁾ With valve type DRE(M), the manufacturing tolerance at the **external amplifier** (type and data sheet see page 16) can be changed using the command value attenuator potentiometer "**Gw**". The digital amplifier is set using the "Limit" parameter.

In this connection, the control current according to the technical data must not be exceeded.

In order to be able to adjust several valves to the same characteristic curve, do not set the pressure higher than the maximum set pressure of the pressure rating with command value 100 %.

Pressure in channel A depending on command value (measured with a flow of 0 I/min from B to A as well as related control electronics)



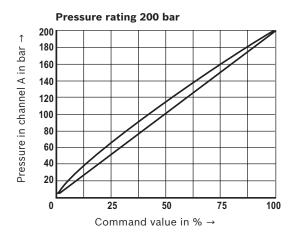




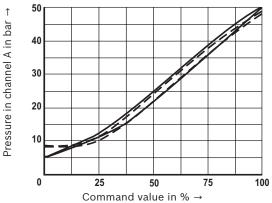
Proportional pressure reducing valve, pilot operated | DRE(M); DRE(M)E 11

Characteristic curves

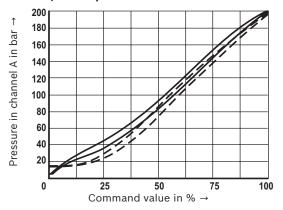
(measured with HLP46, 3oil = 40 ±5 °C)



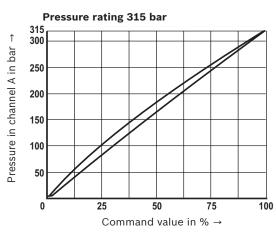
Comparison series 4X-6X / pressure rating 50 bar (with amplifier VT-VSPA1-1-1X with 800 mA coil)



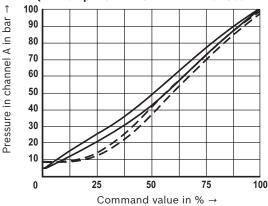
Comparison series 4X-6X / pressure rating 200 bar (with amplifier VT-VSPA1-1-1X with 800 mA coil)



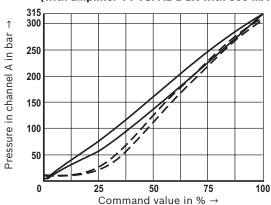
- -- Series 4X
- Series 6X 800 mA



Comparison series 4X-6X / pressure rating 100 bar (with amplifier VT-VSPA1-1-1X with 800 mA coil)



Comparison series 4X-6X / pressure rating 315 bar (with amplifier VT-VSPA1-1-1X with 800 mA coil)



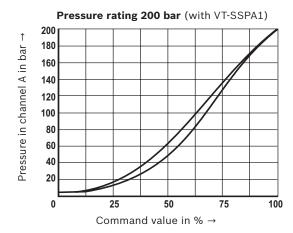
Notice!

In order to achieve the lowest settable pressure, the pilot current must not exceed 100 mA.

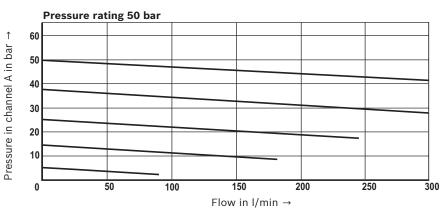


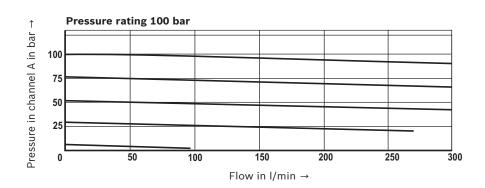
Characteristic curves

(measured with HLP46, ϑ_{oil} = 40 ±5 °C)



Pressure in channel A dependent on the flow $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{v}}$



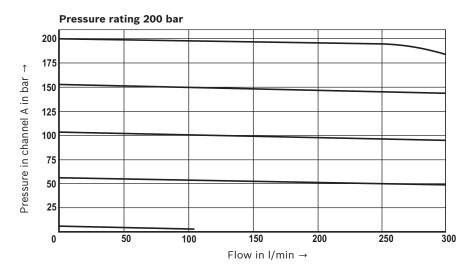


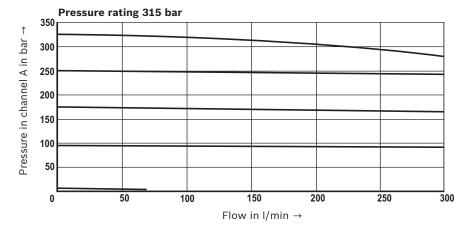


Proportional pressure reducing valve, pilot operated | **DRE(M); DRE(M)E** 13/16

Characteristic curves

(measured with HLP46, ϑ_{oil} = 40 ±5 °C)



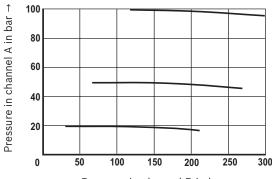




Characteristic curves

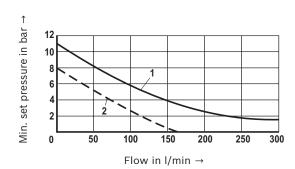
(measured with HLP46, ϑ_{oil} = 40 ±5 °C)

Pressure in channel A depending on pressure in channel B



Pressure in channel B in bar →

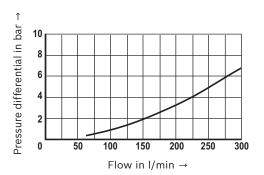
p_{min}-Q_v characteristic curve



Characteristic curve 1: Same behavior of series 4X and 6X with p_{min} = 11 bar

Characteristic curve 2: Series 6X improved p_{min} = 8 bar, resulting in lower flow at p_{min}

Pressure differential from A to B via the check valve

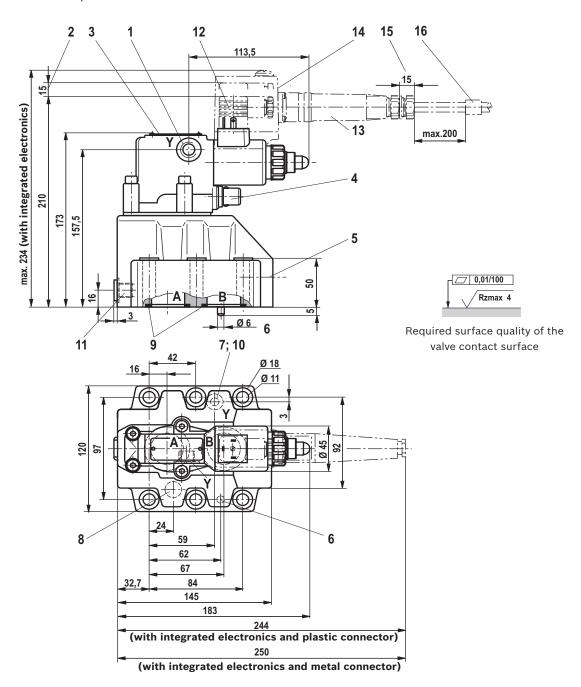




Proportional pressure reducing valve, pilot operated | DRE(M); DRE(M)E 15/16

Device dimensions

(dimensions in mm)



Notice!

The dimensions are nominal dimensions which are subject to tolerances.

Item explanations, valve mounting screws and **subplates** see page 16.



Device dimensions

- 1 Upon delivery, this port (G 1/4) is closed. After removal of the blanking plug, an external and separate pilot oil return at zero

 9 Identical seal rings for ports A and B pressure to the tank is, however, also possible here.
- 2 Space required to remove the mating connector
- 3 Name plate
- 4 Maximum pressure limitation with version DREM and DREME
- 5 Check valve, optional
- 6 Locating pin
- 7 Pilot oil return to the tank always external and at zero pressure
- 8 Blind counterbore
- 10 Identical seal rings for port Y and blind counterbore (item 8)
 - 11 Pressure gauge connection G 1/4; 12 deep
 - 12 Mating connector according to DIN EN 175301-803
 - 13 Mating connector according to DIN EN 175201-804
 - 14 Integrated electronics (OBE)
 - 15 Space required to remove the mating connector
 - 16 Cable fastening

Hexagon socket head cap screws (separate order)		Material number
Size 32	$ \begin{array}{l} \text{6x ISO 4762 - M10 \times 70 - 10.9-flZn-240h-L} \\ \text{Friction coefficient } \mu_{\text{total}} = 0.09 \text{ to } 0.14; \\ \text{tightening torque } \textit{M}_{\textit{A}} = 60 \text{ Nm } \pm 10 \text{ \%} \\ \text{or} \\ \text{6x ISO 4762 - M10 \times 70 - 10.9} \\ \text{Friction coefficient } \mu_{\text{total}} = 0.12 \text{ to } 0.17; \\ \text{tightening torque } \textit{M}_{\textit{A}} = 75 \text{ Nm } \pm 10 \text{ \%} \\ \end{array} $	R900002245

Notice: For reasons of stability, exclusively these valve mounting screws may be used. The tightening torque of the hexagon socket head cap screws refers to the maximum operating pressure!

Subplates	Data sheet	Material number
Size 32	45062	

Accessories

(not included in the scope of delivery)

External control for type DREM	Data sheet	Material number
VT-MSPA1-11-1X/ in modular design	30223	
VT-VSPD-2 in Euro-card format	30523	
VT-VSPA1-11-1X/ in Euro-card format	30100	
VT-SSPA1-1-1X/ as plug-in amplifier	30116	

Mating connectors (details see page 8)	Data sheet	Material number
For type DRE(M): Mating connectors according to DIN EN 175301-803 For type DRE(M)E: Mating connectors according to DIN EN 175201-804	08006 08006	R901017011 R900021267 (plastic) R900223890 (metal)