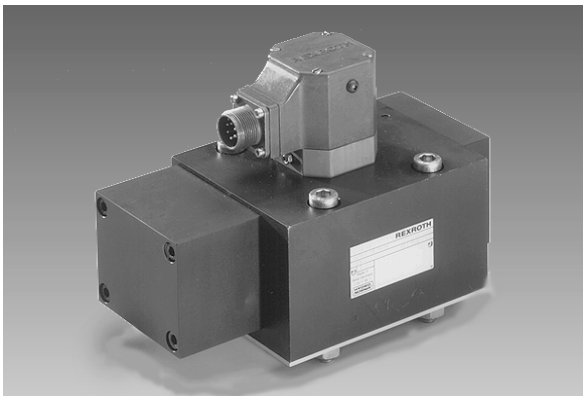
RE 29 591/06.02

Replaces: 03.93

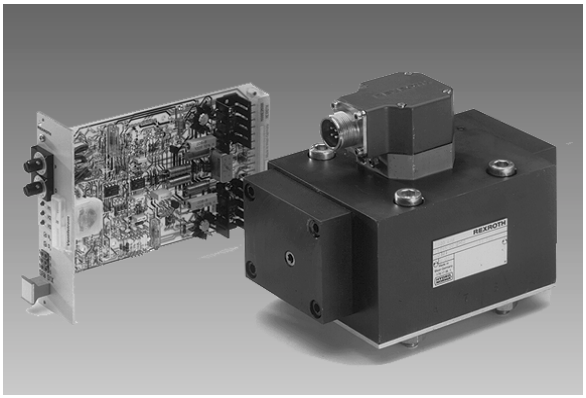
4-way directional servo valve Type 4WS.2E…

Nominal size 16
Series 2X
Maximum operating pressure 210/315 bar
Maximum flow 320 L/min



H/A 3013

Type 4WSE2ED 16-2X/…B… with mechanical and electrical feedback and integrated control electronics



H/A/3012

Type 4WS2EM 16-2X/…B… with mechanical feedback and associated external control electronics (separate order)

Overview of contents

Features

- Valve for closed loop position, force and speed control
- Two stage servo valve with mechanical or mechanical and electrical feedback
- 1st stage as an orifice-flapper plate amplifier
- For subplate mounting, porting pattern to DIN 24 340 form A16 with port X, subplates to catalogue sheet RE 45 054 (separate order)
- Dry torque motor, no contamination of the solenoid gap by the pressure fluid
- Can also be used as a 3-way version
- Wear-free spool return element
- Three control variations
- Control:
  - External control electronics in eurocard format (separate order), see page 7
  - Or with the control electronics integrated into the valve
- The valves with integrated control electronics are calibrated and tested
- The pilot oil supply, internal/external, can be changed without dismantling the valve
- The control sleeve can be replaced
- Filter for the 1st stage is accessible from the outside by means of a plug

Ordering details

		16	–2X /	B					E	V	*

Electrically operated 2-stage 4-way servo valve
For **external** control electronics = **4WS2E**
With **integrated** control electronics = **4WSE2E**

Mechanical feedback = **M**
Mechanical and electrical feedback (only with integrated electronics) = **D**

Nominal size 16 = **16**

Series 20 to 29 = **2X**
(20 to 29: unchanged installation and connection dimensions)

Nominal flow ❶
At a valve pressure differential Δp = 70 bar
100 L/min = **100**
150 L/min = **150**
200 L/min = **200**
(the tolerance of the flow/signal function on page 9 has to be taken into account!)

Coil or control data ❷
Valves for **external** control electronics
Coil No. 12 (50 mA/85 Ω per coil) = **12**
Valves with **integrated** electronics
Control: Command value ± 10 mA/1 kΩ = **8**
Command value ± 10 V/≥ 50 kΩ = **9**

Pilot oil supply and drain ❸
ET = Internal supply and drain (standard)
T = External supply, internal drain

Input pressure range for the 1st stage ❹
210 = 10 to 210 bar
315 = 10 to 315 bar

Plug-in connector – separate order

Valve with **integrated** control electronics:
K9 = **Without** plug-in connector with component plug for a 6-pin plug-in connector to E DIN 43 563-AM6-3

Valve for **external** control electronics:
K8 = **Without** plug-in connector with component plug for a 4-pin plug-in connector to VG 095 342

Spool overlap ❺
E = 0 to 0.5 % negative

V = FKM seals ❻

Further details in clear text ❼

❶ Nominal flow

The nominal flow refers to a 100 % command value signal at a 70 bar valve pressure differential (35 bar per control land). This valve pressure differential is to be considered as a reference value. Other values cause a change in the flow.
Please take into account a possible nominal flow tolerance of ± 10 % (see flow/load function on page 9).

❷ Electrical control data

Valves for **external** control electronics: The positioning signal must be generated by a current regulated output stage. See page 7 for servo amplifiers.
Valves with **integrated** control electronics: The command value can be applied as a voltage (ordering detail „9“) or for longer distances (> 25 m between the control and the valve) as a current (ordering detail „8“).

❸ Input pressure for the pilot control

The pilot pressure must be maintained as constant as possible. Therefore an external pilot control via port X is often advantageous.

The dynamic response of the valve may be influenced using a higher pressure at X than at P.

❹ Input pressure range

The system pressure must be maintained as constant as possible.

Pilot pressure range: 10 to 210 bar or 10 to 315 bar

With referance to the dynamics, within the permissible pressure range the frequency relationship must be taken into account.

❺ Spool overlap

The spool overlap in % refers to the control spool nominal stroke.

Other spool overlaps on request!

❻ Seal material

If other seal materials are required please consult us!

❼ Details in clear text

Special requirments are to be specified in clear text. After receipt of the order they will be checked by the factory and the type code will be completed with an associated number.

Test unit

Test unit (battery operated, optionally with a power supply) to catalogue sheet RE 29 681
Attention:
– Only for valves with external control electronics

Test unit for proportional and servo valves with integrated control electronics
Type VT-VET-1, series 1X to catalogue sheet RE 29 685.

The test unit is used for the control and functional testing of proportional and servo valves with integrated electronics. It is suitable for testing valves with an operating voltage of ± 15 V or 24 V.
The following operating modes are possible:
– External operation → Linking the operating voltage and the command value from the control cabinet to the valve
– Internal/external operation → Command value is applied by the test unit; the operating voltage via the control cabinet
– Internal operation → Operating voltage via a seperate power supply; the command value is applied by the test unit
– Command value is applied via a BNC socket → Optional operating voltage

Preferred types (readily available)

Valves for external control electronics, mechanical feedback

Material No.	Type 4WS2EM
00769978	4WS2EM 16-2X/100B12ET315K8EV
00716550	4WS2EM 16-2X/150B12ET315K8EV
00960575	4WS2EM 16-2X/200B12ET315K8EV

Valves with integrated control electronics, mechanical feedback

Material No	Type 4WSE2EM
00769976	4WSE2EM 16-2X/100B9ET315K9EV
00769980	4WSE2EM 16-2X/150B9ET315K9EV
00769981	4WSE2EM 16-2X/200B9ET315K9EV

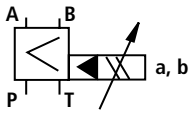
Valves with integrated control electronics, mechanical and electrical feedback

Material No.	Type 4WSE2ED
00769983	4WSE2ED 16-2X/100B9ET315K9EV
00769982	4WSE2ED 16-2X/150B9ET315K9EV
00769984	4WSE2ED 16-2X/200B9ET315K9EV

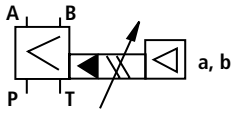
Symbols

Simplified

Valves for external control electronics

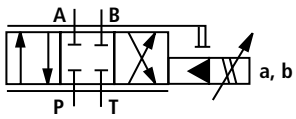


Valves with integrated control electronics

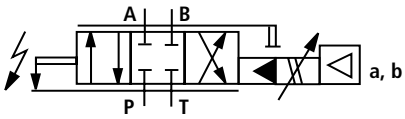


Detailed

Mechanical feedback



Electrical and mechanical feedback



Function, section

4WS(E)2EM 16-2X/...

The valve types 4WS(E)2EM... are electrically actuated, 2-stage servo directional valves with a porting pattern to DIN 24 340 form A16. They are primarily used for the closed loop control of position, force and velocity.

These valves comprise of an electro-mechanical convertor (torque motor) (1), a hydraulic amplifier (flapper jet principle) (2) and a control spool (3) in a sleeve (2nd stage), that is connected to the torque motor via a mechanical feedback.

Via an electrical input signal at the coils (4) of the torque motor, a force is generated via a permanent magnet at the armature (5) that, in conjunction with a torque tube, (6) generates a torque. Due to this the flapper plate (7), which is connected with the torque tube (6) via a rod, is moved out of the central position between the control orifices (8) a pressure differential now results which acts on the front face of the control spool. This pressure differential causes the spool to move, whereby the pressure connection is connected to an actuator connection and at the same time the other actuator connection is connected to the return connection.

The control spool is connected via a feedback spring (mechanical feedback) (9) to the flapper plate and torque motor. The control spool continues to change position until the torque feedback, via the feedback spring and the electro-magnetic torque of the torque motor are balanced, and the pressure differential at the flapper jet system becomes zero.

The stroke of the control spool and thus the flow through the pilot control valve is closed loop controlled in proportion to the electrical input signal. It has, however to be taken into account that the flow is dependent on the valve pressure differential.

External control electronics, type 4WS2EM 16-2X/...
(separate order)

External control electronics, (servo amplifier), are used to control the valve, they so amplifiy the analogue input signal (command value) that the controlled current output signal is capable of driving the valve.

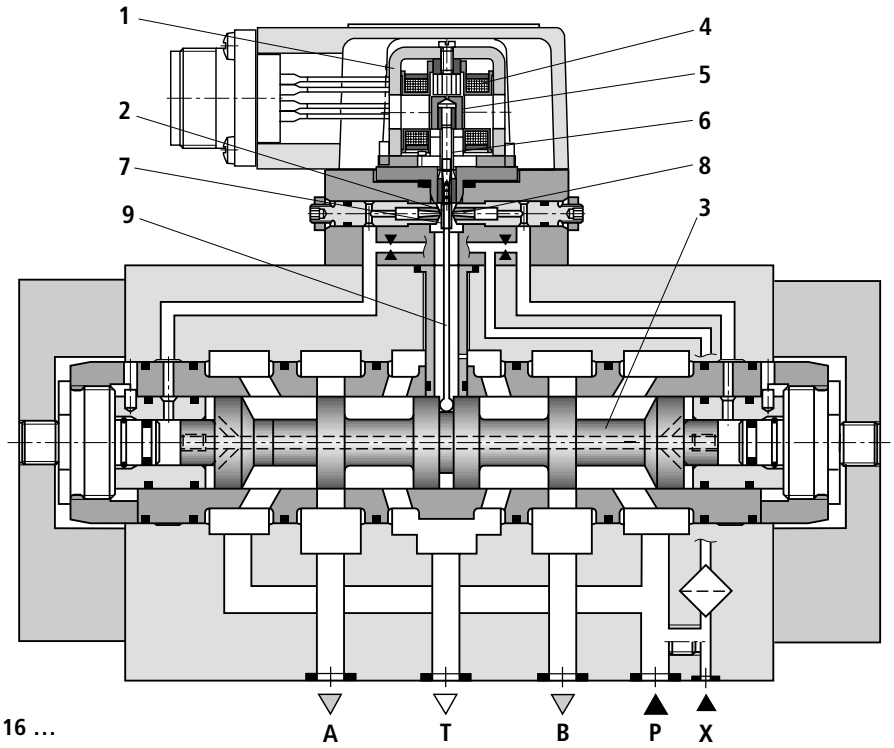
Integrated control electronics, types 4WSE2EM16-2X/... and 4WSE2ED 16-2X/...

For the amplification of the analogue input signal control electronics (10), which are specially matched to the valve, are integrated into the valve. They are built into the torque motor cover plate. The valve zero point can be adjusted by a potentiometer which is externally accessible.

4WSE2ED 16-2X/...

This type of valve is fitted with, in addition to the mechanical closed loop control via a feedback spring, an electrical spool position acquisition and control system. The spool position is obtained via an inductive position transducer (11). The position transducer signal is compared with the command value via the integrated control electronics (10). Any possible control deviation is electrically amplified and then passed onto the torque motor as a control signal. With the additional electrical feedback it is possible to obtain higher dynamic values in the small signal range than the purely mechanical version due to the electrical closed loop amplification. The mechanical feedback ensures that, in the case of failure of the electrical power supply, the spool is positioned in the zero range.

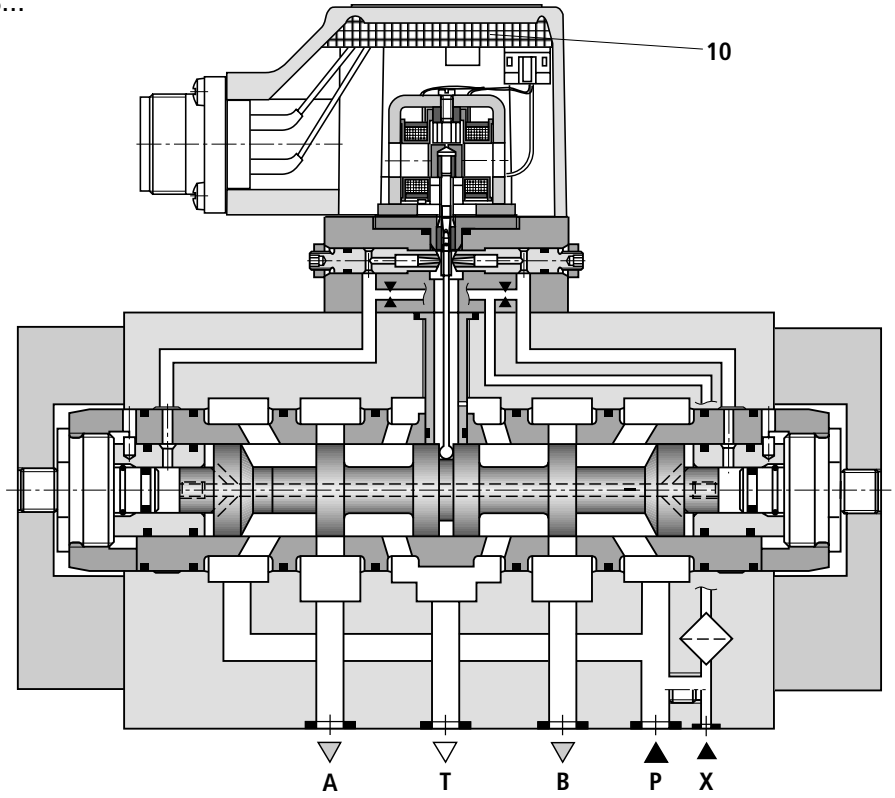
The valve is only available with integrated control electronics. The valve zero point can be adjusted by an externally accessible potentiometer.



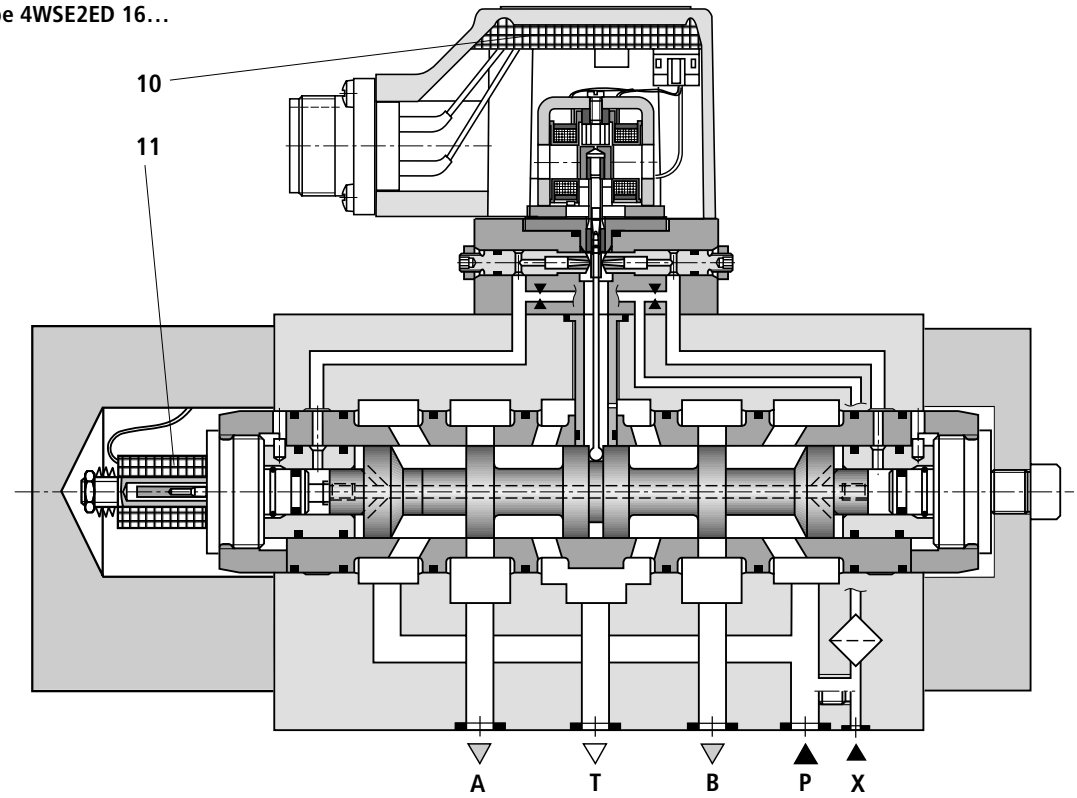
Type 4WS2EM 16 ...

Section

Type 4WSE2EM 16…



Type 4WSE2ED 16…



Technical data (for applications outside these applications, please consult us!)

General

Porting pattern			DIN 24 340 form A16
Installation			Optional, it has however to be ensured that, when the system is started, the pilot control is supplied with an adequate pressure (≥ 10 bar)!
Storage temperature range		°C	–20 to +80
Ambient temperature range		°C	–30 to +70, valve for external control electronics
			–20 to +60, valve with integrated control electronics
Weight	With mechanical feedback	kg	10.0
	With mechanical and electrical feedback and integrated control electronics	kg	11.0

Hydraulic (measured with a viscosity of $\nu = 32$ mm²/s and $\vartheta = 40$ °C)

Operating pressure (ports A, B, P, X)		bar	10 to 210 or 10 to 315	
Return pressure, port T		bar	Pressure peaks < 100, static < 10	
Pressure fluid			Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51 524, other pressure fluids on request!	
Pressure fluid temperature range		°C	–20 to +80; preferably +40 to +50	
Viscosity range		mm²/s	15 to 380; preferably 30 to 45	
Degree of contamination			Maximum permissible degree of contamination of the pressure fluid	A filter with a minimum retention rate of $\beta_x \geq 75$ is recommended without bypass valve and fitted as close as possible in front of the servo valve
			Class 7	x = 5
Zero flow $q_{V,L}$ [1] (spool overlap "E") measured without a dither signal		L/min	$\leq \sqrt{\frac{p}{70}} \bullet 3.5$ L/min [2]	
Nominal flow $q_{V\,nom} \pm 10$ % [3] at a valve pressure differential $\Delta p = 70$ bar [4]		L/min	100	150	200
Pressure gain (spool overlap „E") at 1% change in stroke (starting from the hyd. zero point)		% von p	≥ 65	≥ 80	≥ 90
Control spool stroke		mm	0.6	0.9	1.2
Control spool area		mm²	78		
Feedback system			Mechanical (M)	Mechanical and electrical (D)	
Hysteresis (dither optimised)		%	≤ 1.5	≤ 0.5	
Reversal range (dither optimised)		%	≤ 0.3	≤ 0.2	
Response sensitivity (dither optimised)		%	≤ 0.2	≤ 0.1	
Zero balance		in % von I_{nom}	≤ 3	≤ 2	
Zero offset at change in:					
	Pressure fluid temperature	%/20 °K	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.2	
	Ambient temperature	%/20 °K	≤ 1	≤ 0.5	
	Operating pressure	%/100 bar	≤ 2	≤ 1	
	Return pressure 0 to 10 % of p	%	≤ 1	≤ 0.5	

[1] $q_{V,L}$ = Zero flow in L/min
[2] p = Operating pressure in bar
[3] $q_{V\,nom}$ = Nominal flow (complete valve) in L/min
[4] Δp = Valve pressure differential in bar

Technical data (for applications outside these parameters, please consult us!)

Electrical

Feedback system		Mechanical (M)	Mechanical and electrical (D)
Valve protection to EN 60 529		IP65	
Signal type		Analogue	
Nominal current per coil	mA	50	–
Resistance per coil	Ω	85	–
Inductivity at 60 Hz and 100% nominal current:			
Series circuit	H	0.96	–
Parallel circuit	H	0.24	–
Recommended dither signal: f = 400 Hz		The amplitude value is dependent on the hydraulic system: a max. 5 % vom of the nominal current	

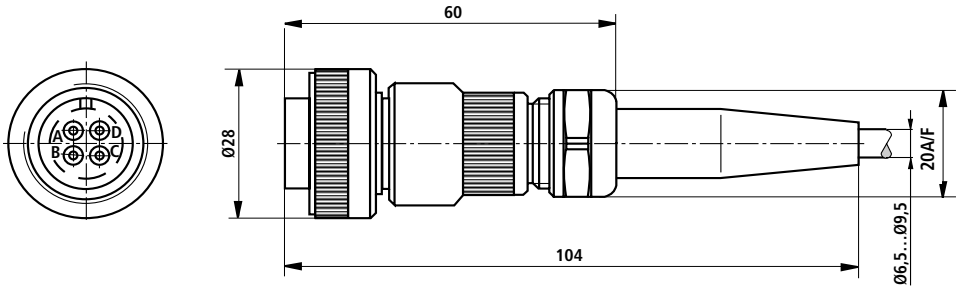
Electrical, external control electronics

Amplifier in (separate order) eurocard format	Type VT-SR2, to catalogue sheet RE 29 980

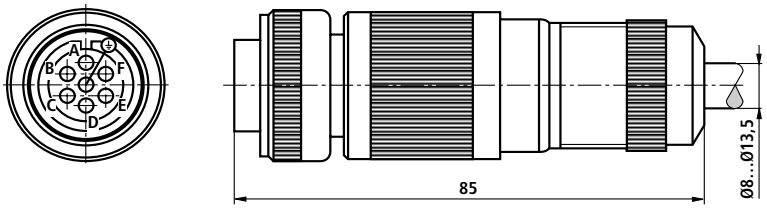
Note: For details regarding the **environmental simulation test** covering EMC (electro-magnetic compatibility), climate and mechanical loading see RE 29 591-U (declaration regarding environmental compatibility).

Plug-in connector

Plug-in connector version **K8** (external control electronics) to
VG 095 342 – separate order under Material No. **00002460**



Plug-in connector version **K9** to E DIN 43 563-BF6-3/Pg11
separate order under Material No. **00223890**
(metal version)



Coil electrical connections in the component plug (for valves with external control electronics)

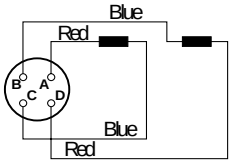
The electrical connections can be either in parallel or series. Due to operational safety considerations and the low spool inductivity, we recommend a parallel circuit.

Parallel circuit: In the plug connect contacts A with B and C with D.

Series circuit: In the plug connect contacts B with C.

Electrical control from A (+) to D (–) results in a flow direction from P to A and B to T. Reversed electrical control results in a flow direction of P to B and A to T.

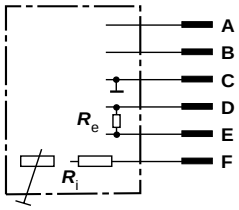
4 WS 2 EM 16-2X/...



Connection cable:
4-core, 0.75 mm², screened (e.g. cable type LiYCY 4x0.75mm²)
Outside diameter 6.5 to 9.5 mm
Only connect the screen to the supply side.

Terminal connections 4 WSE2E .16. (valves with integrated control electronics)

Integrated control electronics



Zero point adjustment

	Terminal connections	Current input signal Control "**8**"	Voltage input signal Control "**9**"
Supply voltage (± 3 %)	A	+ 15 V	+ 15 V
	B	– 15 V	– 15 V
	C	⊥	⊥
Command value	D	± 10 mA; R_e = 1 kΩ	± 10 V R_e ≥ 50 kΩ
	E		
Measuring output for the control spool	F [1]	Nom. stroke corresponds to approx. ± 10 V with respect to ⊥ ; R_i = 1 kΩ	
Current consumption at plug terminal	A	Max. 150 mA	Max. 150 mA
	B		
	D	± 10 mA	≤ 0.2 mA
	E		

[1] For valves without electrical feedback terminal F is not connected.

Supply voltage: ± 15 V ± 3 %, residual ripple < 1 %

Command value: A command value at plug connection D = negative with respect to the plug connection E results in a flow from P to B and A to T.

Measurement output F has a negative signal with respect to ⊥ .

A command value at plug connection D = positive with respect to the plug connection E results in a flow from P to A and B to T.

Measurement output F has a positive signal with respect to ⊥ .

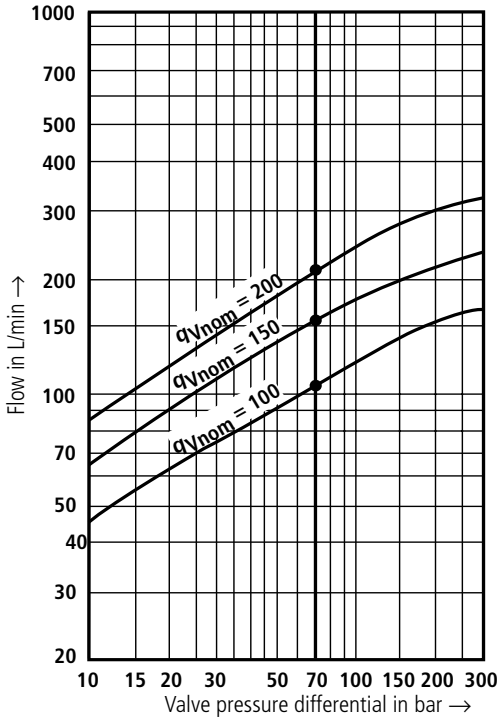
Measurement output: The voltage signal U_F is proportional to the spool stroke.

Note: **Electrical signals (e. g. actual value) taken via valve electronics must not be used to switch off the machine safety functions!**

(Also see European standard "Safety requirements of fluid technology systems and components – hydraulics", prEN 982 !)

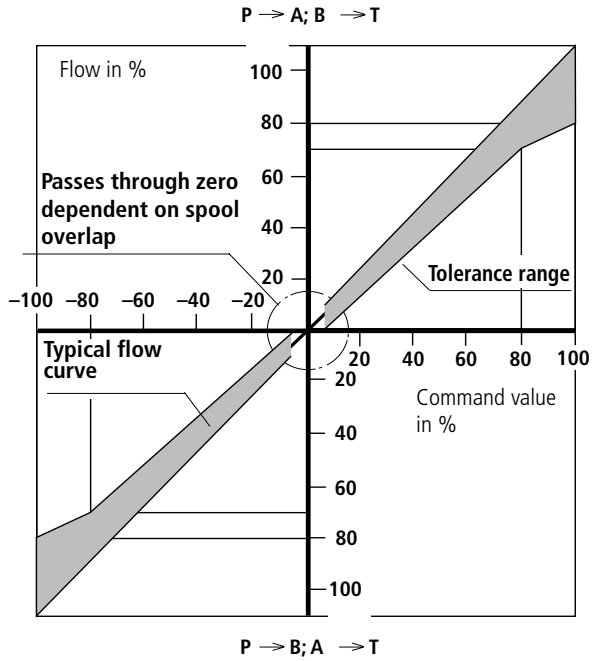
Characteristic curves (measured with HLP32, ϑ_{oil} = 40 °C ± 5 °C)

Flow/load function (tolerance ± 10 %)
at 100 % command value signal



Δp = Valve pressure differential (input pressure minus the return pressure and minus the load pressure)

Tolerance range of flow/signal function
at constant valve pressue differential

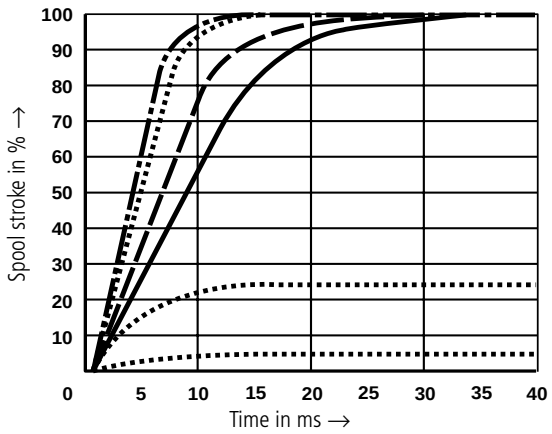


Characteristic curves: type 4WS.2EM 16 (measured with HLP32, ϑ_{oil} = 40 °C ± 5 °C)

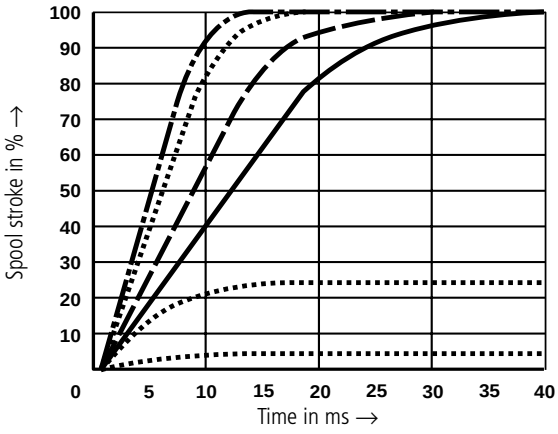
Transient function with a 315 bar pressure stage

Stop response without flow

Nominal flow **100 L/min**



Nominal flow **150 L/min**

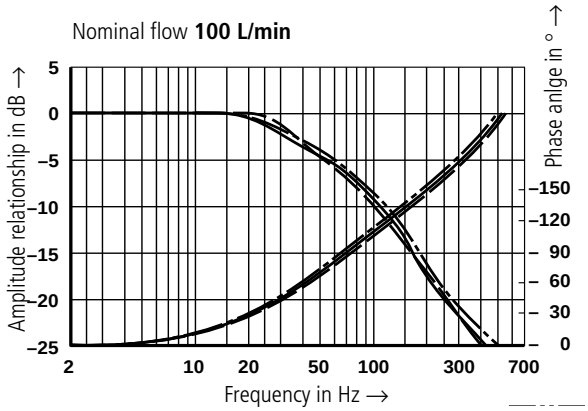


40 bar — 70 bar ····· 140 bar —·— 210 and 315 bar

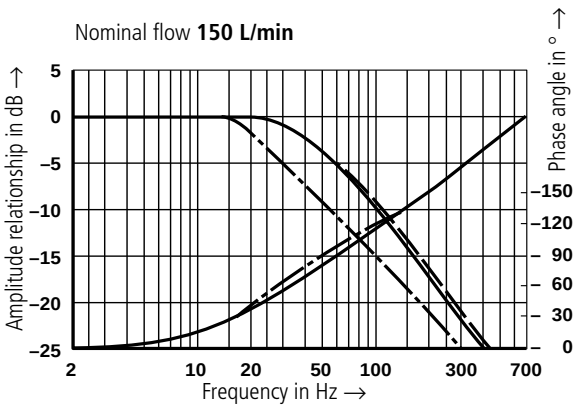
Frequency response with a 315 bar pressure stage, *p* = 315 bar

Stroke frequency response without flow

Nominal flow **100 L/min**



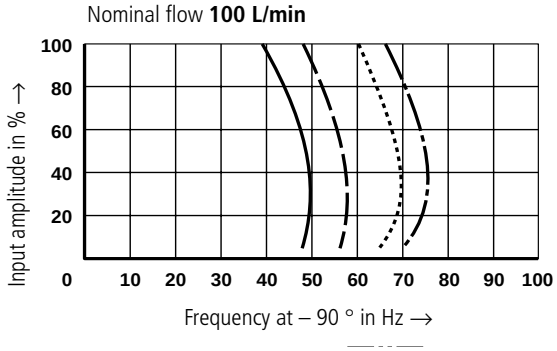
Nominal flow **150 L/min**



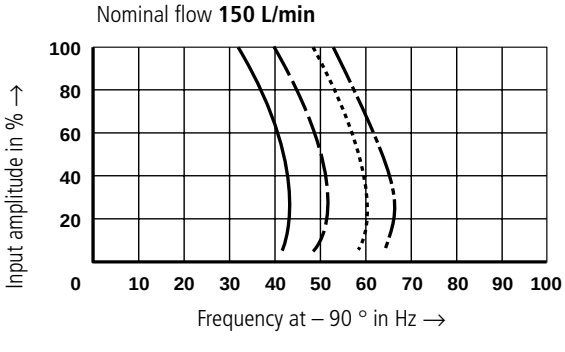
5 % — 25 % —·— 100 %

Relationship of the corner frequency to the operating pressure *p*

Nominal flow **100 L/min**



Nominal flow **150 L/min**

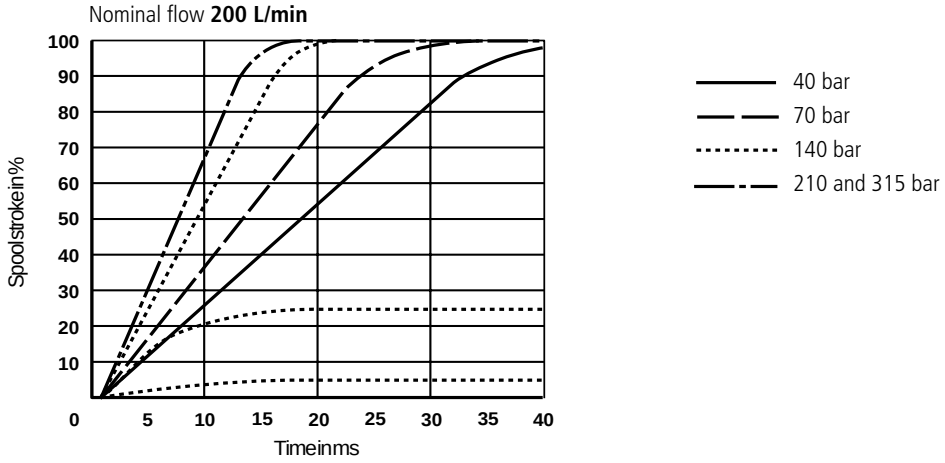


40 bar — 70 bar ····· 140 bar —·— 210 and 315 bar

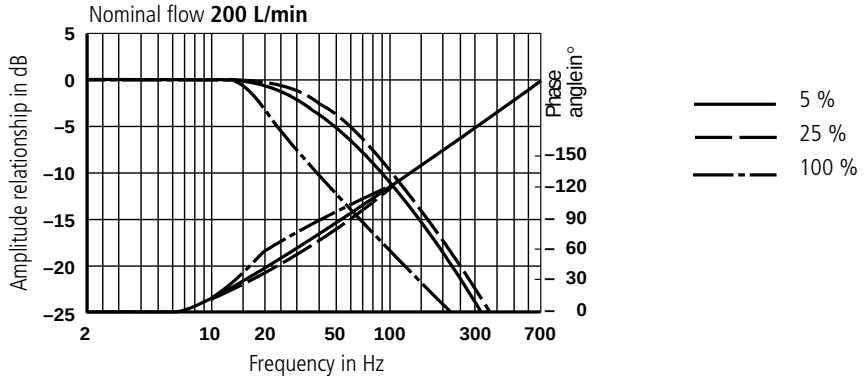
Output signal ≙ spool stroke without flow

Characteristic curves: type 4WS.2EM 16 (measured with HLP32, ϑ_{oil} = 40 °C ± 5 °C)

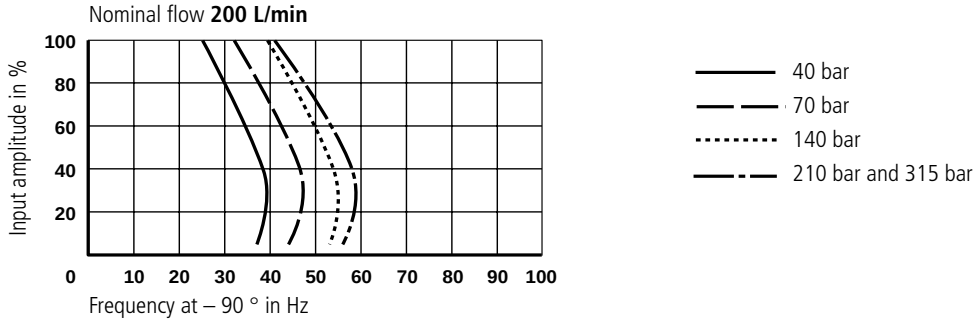
Transient function with a 315 bar pressure stage Step response without flow



Frequency response with a 315 bar pressure stage, p = 315 bar Stroke requency response without flow



Relationship of the corner frequency to the operating pressure p

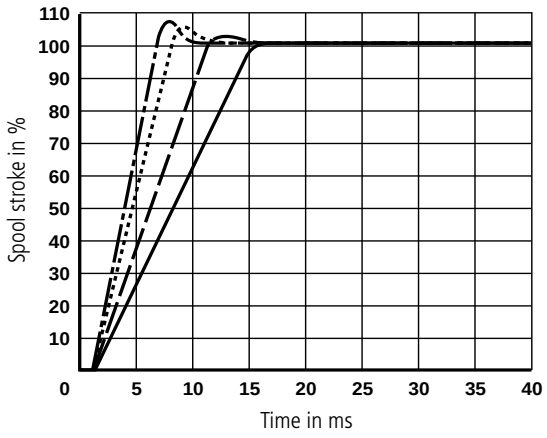


Output signal ≙ spool stroke without flow

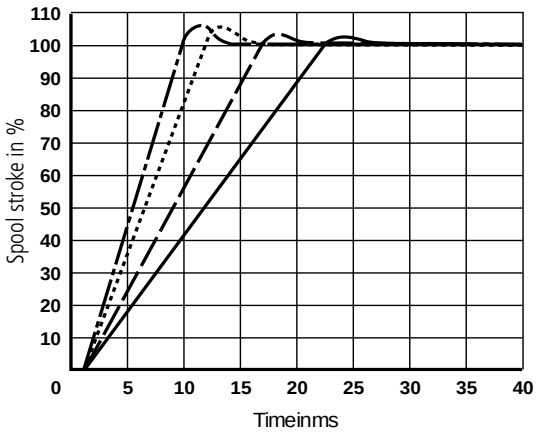
Characteristic curves: type 4WSE2ED 16 (measured with HLP32, ϑ_{oil} = 40 °C ± 5 °C)

Transient function with a 315 bar pressure stage Step response without flow

Nominal flow **100 L/min**



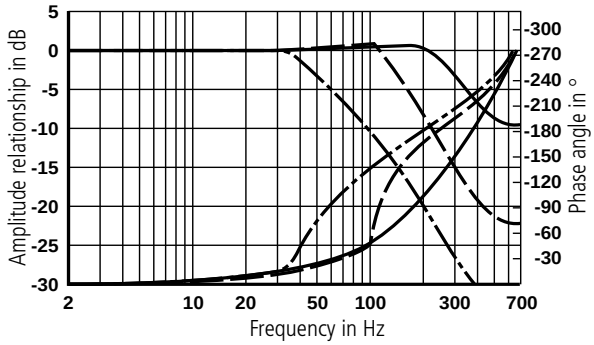
Nominal flow **150 L/min**



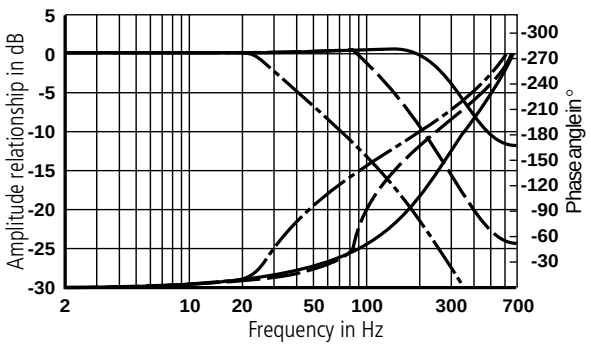
40 bar — 70 bar — 140 bar — 210 bar and 315 bar

Frequency response with a 315 bar pressure stage, *p* = 315 bar Stroke requency response without flow

Nominal flow **100 L/min**



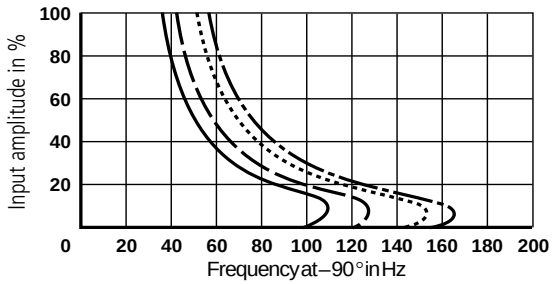
Nominal flow **150 L/min**



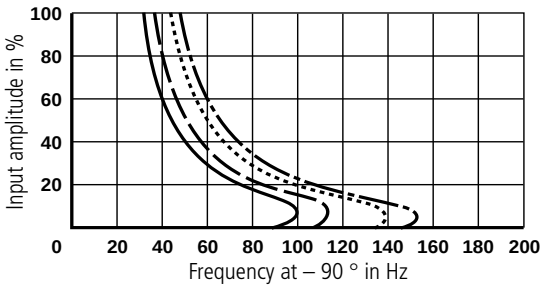
5 % — 25 % — 100 %

Relationship of the corner frequency to the operating pressure *p*

Nominal flow **100 L/min**



Nominal flow **150 L/min**

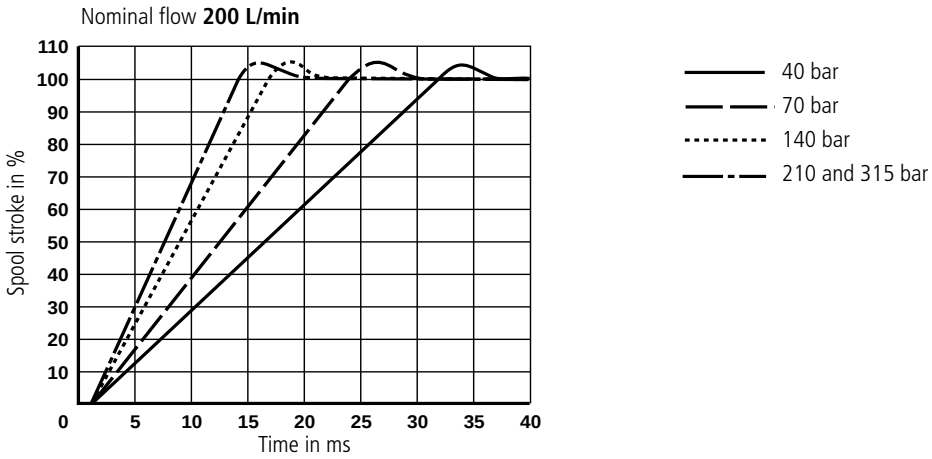


40 bar — 70 bar — 140 bar — 210 bar and 315 bar

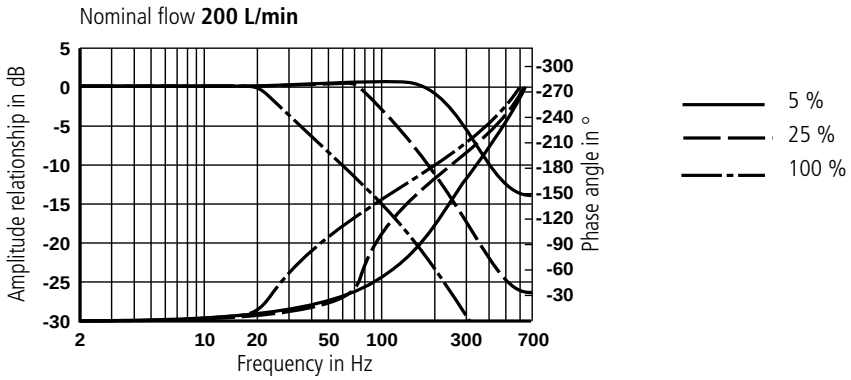
Output signal ≙ spool stroke without flow

Characteristic curves: type 4WSE2ED 16 (measured with HLP32, ϑ_{oil} = 40 °C ± 5 °C)

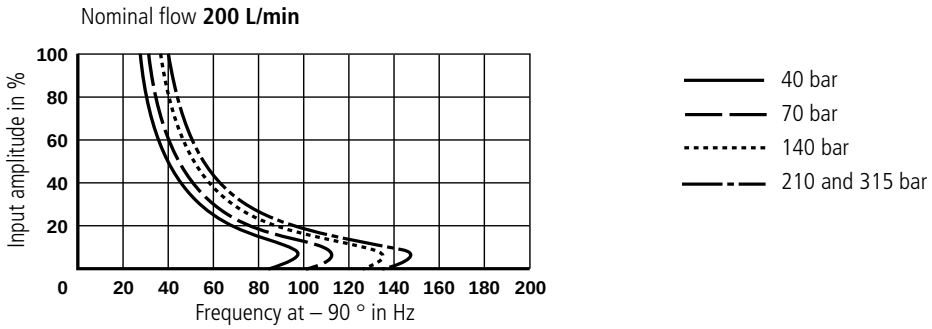
Transient function with a 315 bar pressure stage Step response without flow



Frequency response with a 315 bar pressure stage, *p* = 315 bar Stroke frequency response without flow

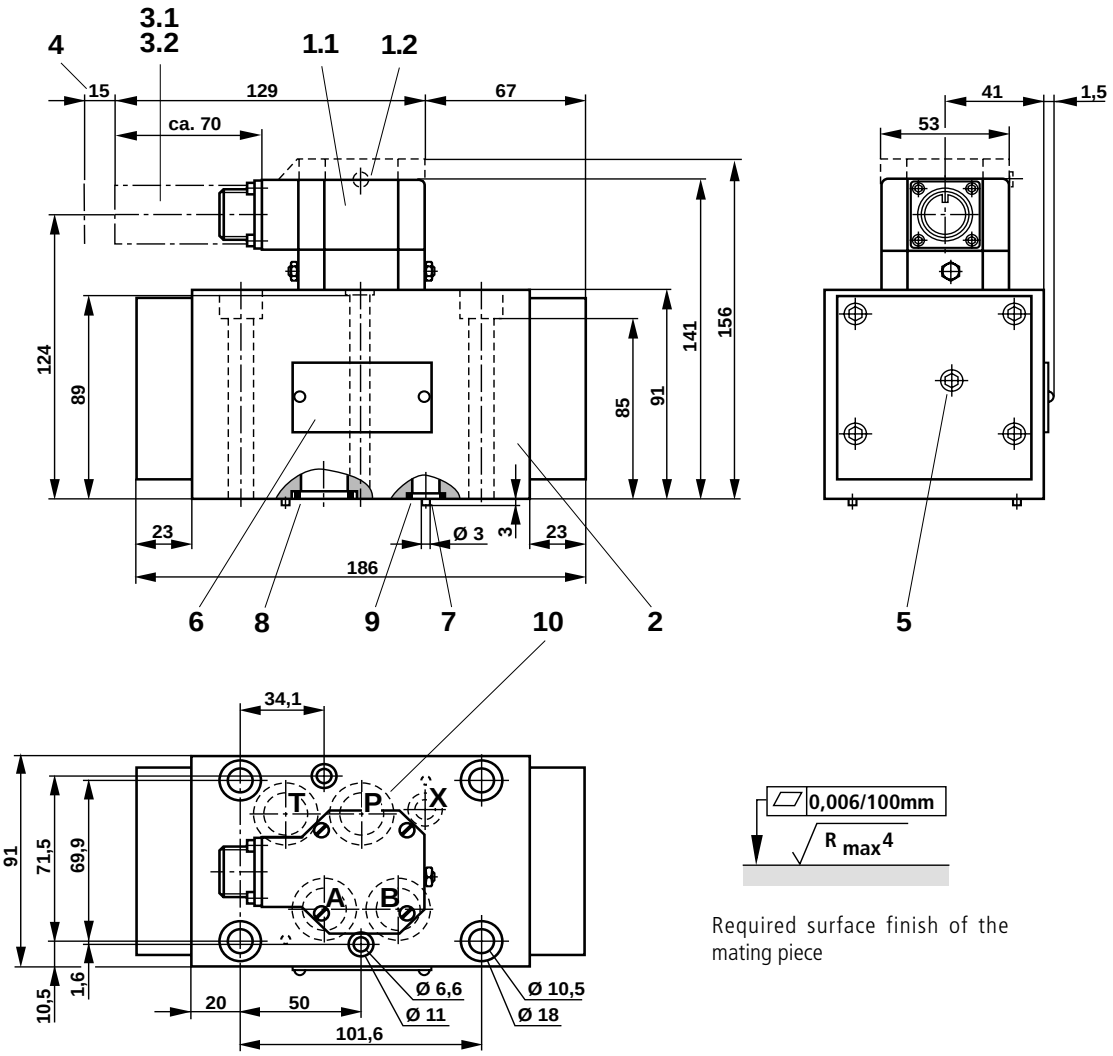


Relationship of the corner frequency to the operating pressure *p*



Output signal ≙ spool stroke without flow

Unit dimensions: type 4WS.2EM 16 (dimensions in mm)



Required surface finish of the mating piece

1.1 Pilot control (1st stage) **without** integrated control electronics (4 WS 2 EM 16)

1.2 Pilot control (1st stage) **with** integrated control electronics (4 WSE 2 EM 16)
Electrical zero point setting:
Having removed the plug (2.5A/F) the zero point may be corrected via the potentiometer.

2 2nd stage

3.1 **Without integrated electronics:**
4-pin plug-in connector compatible with VG 095 342

3.2 **With integrated electronics:**
6-pin plug-in connector compatible with VG 095 342

4 Space required to remove the plug-in connector, take the connection cable into account!

5 For setting the hydraulic zero point on both sides 5A/F internal hexagon

6 Name plate

7 Locating pin (2 off)

8 Identical seal rings for ports A, B, P and T

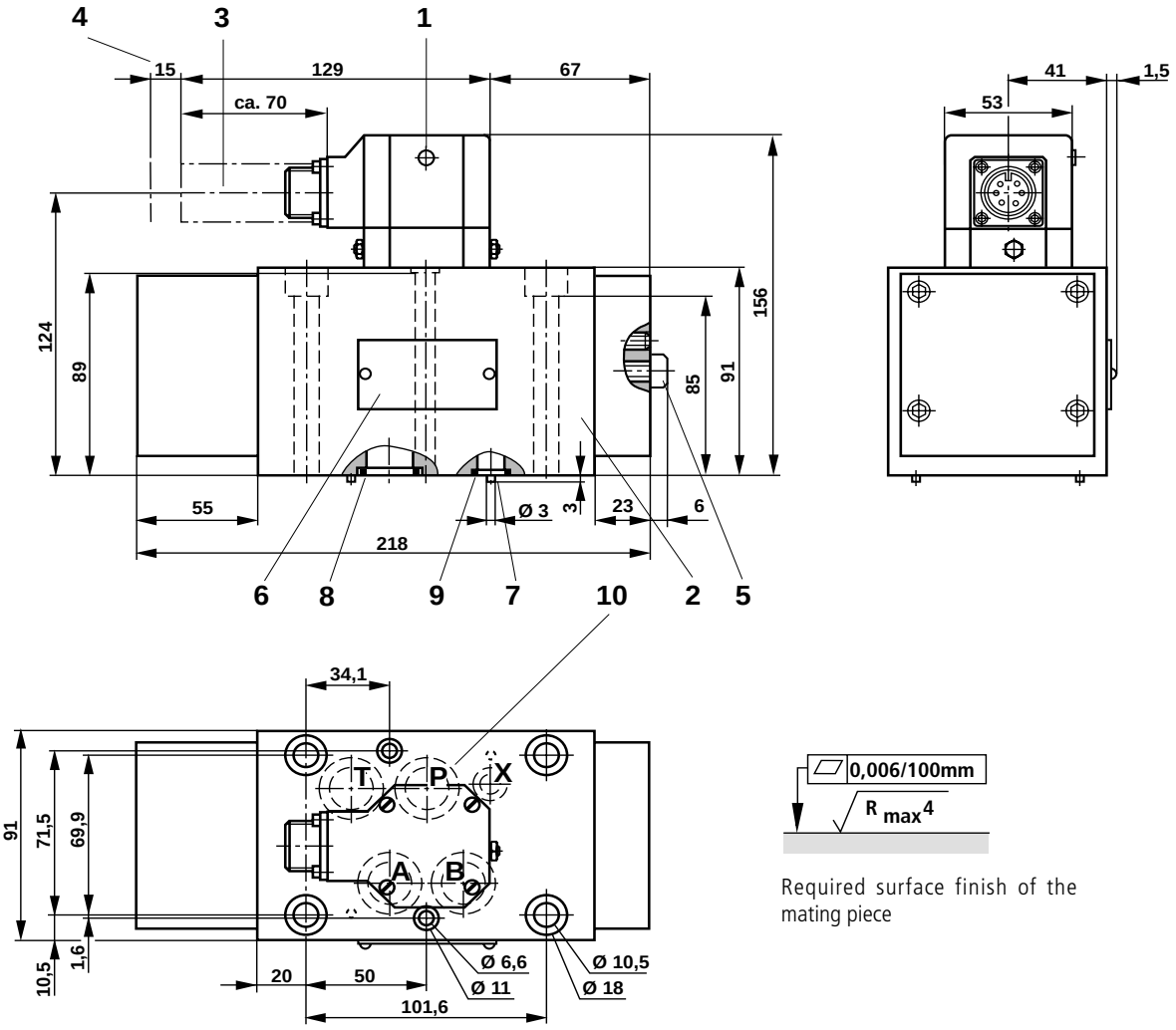
9 Seal ring for port X

10 Porting pattern to DIN 24 340, form A 16

Subplates G 172/01 (G 3/4)
G 174/01 (G 1); G 174/08 (flange)
to catalogue sheet RE 45 056 must be ordered separately.

Valve fixing screws are included within the scope of supply.
4 off M10 x 100 DIN 912-10.9; M_A = 75 Nm
2 off M6 x 100 DIN 912-10.9; M_A = 15.5 Nm

Unit dimensions: type 4WSE2ED 16 (dimensions in mm)



Required surface finish of the mating piece

1 Pilot control (1st stage) with integrated control electronics
Electrical zero point setting:
Having removed the plug (2.5A/F) the zero pont may be corrected via the potentiometer.

2 2nd stage

3 6-pin plug-in connector compatible to VG 095 342

4 Space required to remove the plug-in connector, take the connection cable into account!

5 Setting of hydraulic zero point via two screws 5A/F and 3A/F internal hexagon

6 Name plate

7 Locating pin (2 off)

8 Identical seal rings for ports A, B, P and T

9 Seal ring for port X

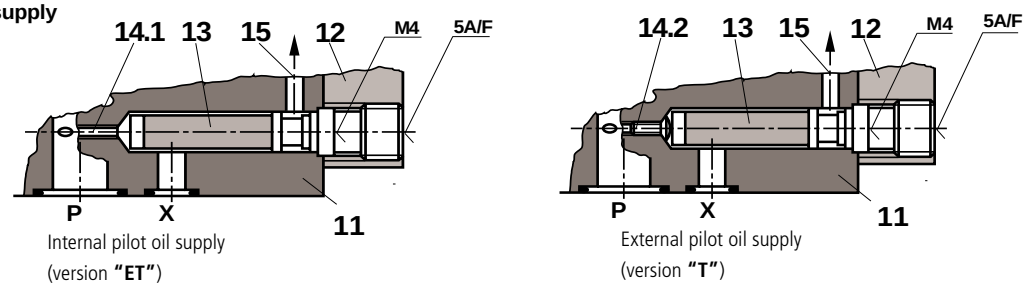
10 Porting pattern to DIN 24 340, form A 16

Subplates G 172/01 (G 3/4)
G 174/01 (G 1); G 174/08 (flange)
to catalogue sheet RE 45 056 must be ordered separately.

Valve fixing screws are included within the scope of supply.
4 off M10 x 100 DIN 912-10.9; M_A = 75 Nm
2 off M6 x 100 DIN 912-10.9; M_A = 15.5 Nm

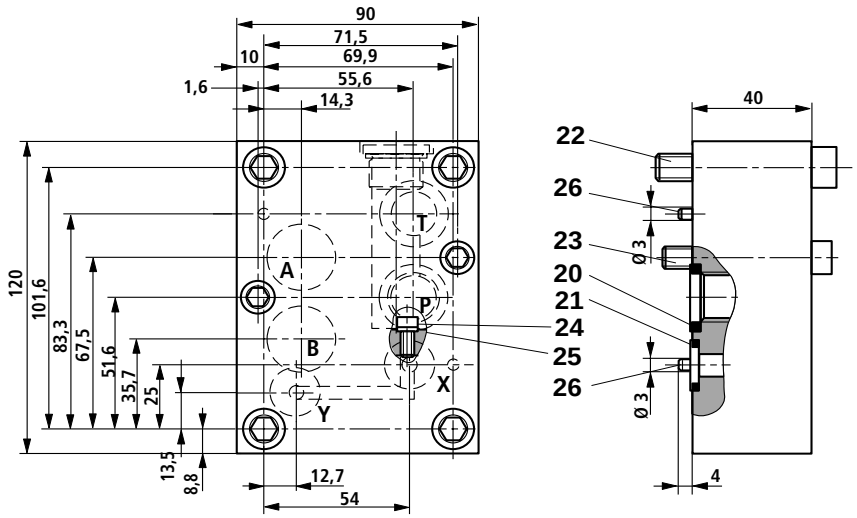
Pilot oil supply (pilot oil drain usually internal)

Pilot oil supply



11 Main valve
12 Cover
13 Filter
Material No. **00649157**
14.1 Open
14.2 Closed
plug M6 x 10 DIN 906
15 For 1st stage

Flushing plate (dimensions in mm)



Symbol

With NBR seals
Material No. 00308493

20 Identical seal rings for ports A, B, P, T
21 Identical seal rings for ports X, Y
22 4 off S.H.C.S. M10 x 50 DIN 912–8.8
(are included within the scope supply); M_A = 51 Nm
23 2 off S.H.C.S. M6 x 50 DIN 912–8.8
(are included within the scope supply); M_A = 10,4 Nm
24 1 off S.H.C.S. M6 x 10 DIN 912–8.8
(are included within the scope supply)
25 Seal ring
26 Locating pin (2 off)

In order to ensure that the servo valves functions correctly it is always necessary to flush the system before commissioning As a guideline for the flushing time per system the following may be used:

$$t \geq \frac{V}{q_V} \cdot 5$$

t = Flushing time in hours
V = Tank contents in litres
q_V = Pump flow in litres per minute

If the tank is subsequently filled with more than 10 % of the tank contents then the flushing process must be repeated.

A directional valve with a porting pattern to DIN 24 340 form A 16 is more suitable than a flushing plate. The actuator lines can also be flushed using this valve.