

Axial piston fixed motor A2FE series 6x



- ► High pressure motor for integration in mechanical gearboxes
- ▶ Size 28 ... 355
- ▶ Nominal pressure up to 400 bar
- ► Maximum pressure up 450 bar
- ▶ Open and closed circuits
- ► High pressure motor for integration in mechanical gearboxes
- ► Open and closed circuits

Features

- Space-saving construction due to recessed mounting flange
- Easy to install, simply slide into the mechanical gearbox
- High power density
- Very high total efficiency
- ► High starting efficiency
- ► Optional with integrated pressure relief valve
- Optional with mounted addifitonal valve: counterbalance valve (BVD/BVE), flushing and boost-pressure valve
- ► Bent-axis design

Inhalt	
Type code	2
Technical data	4
Dimensions	10
Extended functions and versions	14
Project planning information	22
Safety Instructions	24
Accessories	24

Type code

01	02	03	04	05		06	07	80		09	1	0	11	1:	2	13	1	4	15
	A2F		Е		1	6		W	-	V									
Hydr	aulic fluid								•										
01	Mineral oi	l and HI	FD. HFD	for sizes	s 250 to	355 or	nly in con	nbinatio	n with	long-li	fe bea	ring "	L" (w	ithout	cod	e)			
	HFB-, HFC	-hydrau	lic fluid			Siz	zes 28 to	180 (w	ithout c	ode)									
						NO	3250 bis	355(nu	r in Ver	bindur	ng mit	Long-	Life L	ageru	ng "l	_")			E-
Axial	l piston un	it																	
	Bent-axis		fixed																A2F
Drive	Orive shaft bearing 28-180 250-355																		
	Standard		(withou	t code)										•			•		
	Long-life k	earing												_			•		L
Oper	ating mod	e																	
	Motor, plu		sion																Е
Sizes	(NG) ¹⁾																		'
05	Geometric	displac	cement	in cm³/U															Ì
											28	32	107	125	160	180	250	355	
Serie												<u>'</u>							
06																			6
اسا																			
Index 07	x											size	28 to	180					1
													250 to						0
												- OILC	200 (
08	Viewed on		haft bid	direction	al					-									w
		unive 3	mart, bit																
	material																		· · ·
	FKM (fluo	roelasto	omer)																V
	shaft										28	32	1	125	160	180	250		
10	Splined sh	naft DIN	5480								•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	Α _
											•	-	•	-	•	-	•	•	Z
Mounting flange 28-180 250-355																			
11	ISO 3019-	2			2-whol					-					•		-	-	L
					4-whol	е									-		•		М

^{• =} Available • = On request - = Not available

¹⁾ Sizes 45, 56, 63, 80, 90 see data sheet 91071 (A2FE series 70)

01	0	2	03	04	05		06	07	08		09	10	0	11	1	2	13	1	4	15
	A:	2F		E		1	6		w	_	V									
Work	king po	rts										28	32	107	125	160	180	250	355	
12	SAE w	orkir	ng ports	5						02	0	-	-	_	-	-	-	•	-	020
	A and	B at	side, o	pposite							7	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	027
	SAE w	orkir	ng port							10	0	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	100
	A and	B bo	ottom (s	same sic	de)						7	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	•	107
			•	essure r unterbal					BVD	17	1	-	_	•	•	-	-	_	-	171 178
										18		•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	181
									BVE	18	8	_	-	•	•	•	•	_1)	-	188
	Port p	late	with pr	essure-r	elief val	ves				19	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	191
											2	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	192
	Valves	;									_									
	Witho	ıt va	lve							0										
	Pressu	ıre-re	elief val	ve (with	out pres	ssure bo	ost fac	ility		1	7									
	Pressu	ıre-re	elief val	ve (with	pressu	re boost	facility	<i>ı</i>)		2	7									
	Flushi	ng ar	nd boos	st pressi	ıre valve	e, mount	ted			7	7									
	Count	erba	lance va	alve BVD)/BVE m	ounted ²	!)			8	7									

S	рее	ed sensor	28-32	107-180	250	355 ¹⁾	
	13	Without speed sensor	•	•	•	•	
		Prepared for DSA speed sensor	•	•	0	-	U
		DSA speed sensor mounted ³⁾	•	•	0	-	٧

Special version (only sizes 28 to 180)

			_
14	Standard version (without code)		
	Special version for slew drives (standard port plate 19)	J	1

Standard / special version

15	Standard version (without code)	
	Standard version with installation variants, e.g. T ports against standard open or closed	-Y
	Special version	-s

• = Available • = On request - = Not available

- ²⁾ Specify ordering code of counterbalance valve according to data sheet 95522 (BVD) respectively data sheet 95526 (BVE) separately.
- 3) Specify ordering code of sensor according to data sheet 95133 (DSA) separately.

Notice

- ► Please note the project planning notes in chapter Project planning notes
- ► Please note that not all type code combinations are available although the individual functions are marked as being available

¹⁾ Please contact us.

Technical data

Table of values

Size			28	32	107	125	160	180	250	355
Displacement geometric, per revolution	V_{g}	cm³	28.1	32	106.7	125	160.4	180	250	355
Nominal pressure	p_{nom}	bar	400	400	400	400	400	400	350	350
Maximum pressure	p_{max}	bar	450	450	450	450	450	450	400	400
Massimosom and 1)	n _{nom}	rpm	6300	6300	4000	4000	3600	3600	2700	2240
Maximum speed 1)	n _{max} 2)	rpm	6900	6900	4400	4400	4000	4000		
Inlet flow 3) at n _{nom}	q _V	l/min	177	202	427	500	577	648	675	795
Torque ⁴⁾ at p _{nom}	М	Nm	179	204	679	796	1021	1146	1393	1978
Rotary stiffness	С	kNm/ rad	2.93	3.12	11.2	11.9	17.4	18.2	73.1	96.1
Moment of inertia for rotary group	J_{TW}	kg·m²	0.0012	0.0012	0.0116	0.0116	0.022	0.022	0.061	0.102
Maximum angular acceleration	α	rad/s²	6500	6500	4500	4500	3500	3500	10000	8300
Case volume	V	l	0.2	0.2	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.1	2.5	3.5
Weight (approx.)	m	kg	10.5	10.5	34	36	47	48	82	110

¹⁾ These values are valid at:

Note

- ▶ The values in the table are theoretical values, without consideration of efficiencies and tolerances. The values are rounded.
- Exceeding the maximum or falling below the minimum permissible values can lead to a loss of function, a reduction in operational service life or total destruction

of the axial piston unit. Other permissible limit values, such as speed variation, reduced angular acceleration as a function of the frequency and the permissible angular acceleration at start (lower than the maximum angular acceleration) can be found in data sheet 90261.

Speed range

No limit to minimum speed n_{min} . If uniformity of motion is required, speed n_{min} must not be less than 50 rpm.

Determining the operating characteristics										
Inlet flow	$q_{\rm v} = \frac{V_{\rm g} \times n}{1000 \times \eta_{\rm v}}$	[l/min]								
Rotational speed	$n = \frac{q_{\text{v}} \times 1000 \times \eta_{\text{v}}}{V_{\text{g}}}$	[rpm]								
Torque	$M = \frac{V_{\rm g} \times \Delta p \times \eta_{\rm hm}}{20 \times \pi}$	[Nm]								
Power	$P = \frac{2\pi \times M \times n}{60000} = \frac{q_{V} \times \Delta p \times \eta_{t}}{600}$	[kW]								

Key

 V_{g} Displacement per revolution [cm³] Differential pressure [bar] Δр Rotational speed [rpm] n Volumetric efficiency η_{v} Hydraulic-mechanical efficiency η_{hm} η_t Total efficiency ($\eta_t = \eta_v \cdot \eta_{hm}$)

⁻ for the optimum viscosity range from v_{opt} = 36 to 16 mm²/s

⁻ with hydraulic fluid based on mineral oils

²⁾ Intermittent maximum speed: overspeed for unload and overhauling processest, t < 5 s and Δp < 150 bar

³⁾ Restriction of input flow with counterbalance valve

⁴⁾ Torque without radial force, with radial force see table "Permissible radial and axial forces of the drive shafts"

Hydraulic fluids

The axial piston unit is designed for operation with mineral oil HLP according to DIN 51524.

Application instructions and requirements for hydraulic fluids should be taken from the following data sheets before the start of project planning:

- ▶ 90220: Hydraulic fluids based on mineral oils and related hydrocarbons
- ▶ 90221: Environmentally acceptable hydraulic fluids
- ▶ 90222: Fire-resistant, water-free hydraulic fluids (HFDR, HFDU)

- ▶ 90223: Fire-resistan, water-containing hydraulic fluids (HFAE, HFAS, HFB, HFC)
- ▶ 90225: Restricted technical data for operation with fire-resistant hydraulic fluids

Viscosity and temperature of hydraulic fluids

	Viscosity	Shaft seal	Tempera- ture ¹⁾	Comment
		NBR ²⁾	ϑ _{St} ≥ -40 °C	$t \le 3$ min, without load (p ≤ 50 bar), n ≤ 1000 rpm (size 28 to 180),
Cold start	v _{max} ≤ 1600 mm ² /s	FKM	ϑ _{St} ≥ -25 °C	n ≤ 0.25 • n _{nom} (size 250 to 355), permissible temperature difference between axial piston unit and hydraulic fluid max. 25 K
Warm-up phase	v = 400 1600 mm ² /s			$t \le 15$ min, $p \le 0.7 \cdot p_{nom}$ and $n \le 0.5 \cdot n_{nom}$
	10 400 27-3)	NBR ²⁾	θ ≤ +78 °C	
Continuous opera- tion	v = 10 400 mm ² /s ³⁾	FKM	θ ≤ +103 °C	measured at port T
tion	v _{opt} = 16 36 mm ² /s			range of optimum operating viscosity and efficiency
Chart tame and the	7 10 mm²/a	NBR ²⁾	θ ≤ +78 °C	$t \le 3 \text{ min, } p \le 0.3 \cdot p_{\text{nom}}$
Short-term operation	v _{min} = 7 10 mm ⁻ /s	FKM	θ ≤ +103 °C	measured at port T

¹⁾ If the specified temperatures cannot be maintained due to extreme operating parameters, please contact us.

Note

To reduce high temperature of the hydraulic fluid in the axial piston unit we recommend the use of a flushing and boost pressure valve (see chapter Extended functions and versions).

Selection of hydraulic fluid

Bosch Rexroth evaluates hydraulic fluids on the basis of the Fluid Rating according to the technical data sheet 90235.

Hydraulic fluids with positive evaluation in the Fluid Rating are provided in the following technical data sheet:

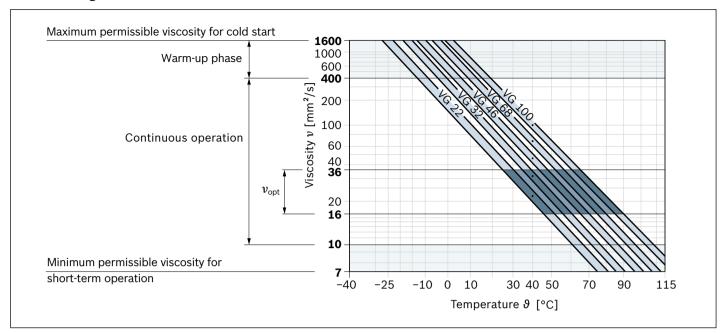
▶ 90245: Bosch Rexroth Fluid Rating List for Rexroth hydraulic components (pumps and motors)

The hydraulic fluid should be selected so that the operating viscosity in the operating temperature range is within the optimum range (v_{opt} ; see selection diagram).

²⁾ Special version, please contact us.

³⁾ Equates e.g. with the VG 46 a temperature range of +5 °C to +85 °C (see selection diagram)

Selection diagram



Filtration of the hydraulic fluid

Finer filtration improves the cleanliness level of the hydraulic fluid, which increases the service life of the axial piston unit.

A cleanliness level of at least 20/18/15 is to be maintained according to ISO 4406.

At a hydraulic fluid viscosity of less than 10 mm²/s (e.g. due to high temperatures in short-term operation) at the drain port, a cleanliness level of at least 19/17/14 according to ISO 4406 is required.

For example, the viscosity is 10 mm²/s at:

- ► HLP 32 a temperature of 73°C
- ▶ HLP 46 a temperature of 85°C

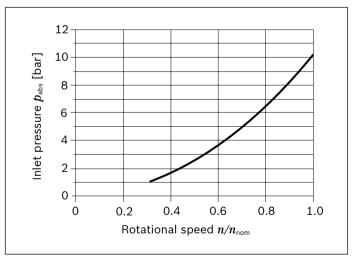
Operating pressure range

Pressure at working (high-pressure side)	-	r B	Definition						
Nominal pressure	p _{nom}	see table of values	The nominal pressure corresponds to the maximum design pressure.						
Maximum pressure	p _{max}	see table of values	The maximum pressure corresponds to the maximum operating pressure within						
Single operating (period	10 s	single operating period. The sum of the single operating periods must not exceed the						
Total operating pe	eriod	300 h	total operating period.						
Minimum pressure p _{HP min}		25 bar	Minimum pressure on high-pressure side (port A or B) required to prevent damage to the axial piston unit.						
Minimum pressure at inlet (pump operating mode)		see diagram	To prevent damage to the axial piston motor in pump mode (change of high-pressure side with unchanged direction of rotation, e.g. when braking), a minimum pressure must be guaranteed at the working port (inlet). The minimum pressure depends on the rotational speed and displacement of the axial piston unit.						
Total pressure	p _{Su}	700 bar	The summation pressure is the sum of the pressures at both work ports (A and B).						
Rate of pressure cha	ange		Definition						
with integrated pressure relief valve	R _{A max}	9000 bar/s	Maximum permissible rate of pressure build-up and reduction during a pressure chan-						
without pressure relief valve	R _{A max}	16000 bar/s	ge over the entire pressure range.						
Case pressure at port T			Definition						
$ \begin{array}{c c} \text{Continuous diffe-} \\ \text{rential pressure} \end{array} \Delta p_{T \text{ cont}} \qquad 2 \text{ bar} $		2 bar	Maximum averaged differential pressure at the shaft seal (case to ambient)						
Pressure peaks	p _{T peak}	10 bar	t < 0.1 s						

Note

► Working pressure range valid when using hydraulic fluids based on mineral oils. Values for other hydraulic fluids, please contact us.

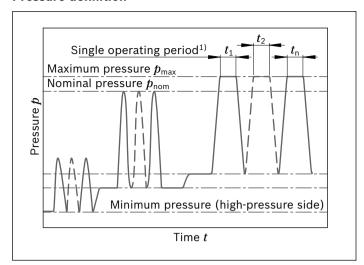
Minimum pressure at inlet (pump operating mode)



This diagram is only valid for the optimum viscosity range of v_{opt} = 16 to 36 mm²/s.

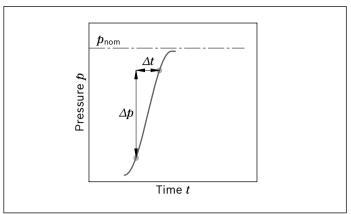
If the above mentioned conditions cannot be ensured, please contact us.

Pressure definition

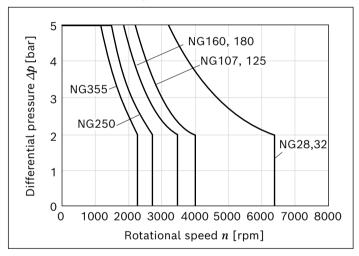




Rate of pressure change



Maximum differential pressure at the shaft seal



Note

- ► The service life of the shaft seal is influenced by the speed of the axial piston unit and the case pressure.
- ► The service life decreases with an increase of the mean differential pressure between the case and the ambient pressure and with a higher frequency of pressure spikes.
- ► The case pressure must be equal to or higher than the ambient pressure.

Direction of flow

Direction of rotation, viewed on drive shaft								
clockwise	counter-clockwise							
A to B	B to A							

Permissible radial and axial forces of the drive shaft

Size			2	8	32	10	07	125	16	60	180	250	355
Drive shaft	Code		Z	Α	Α	Z	Α	Α	Z	Α	Α	Z	Z
Drive shaft	Ø	mm	25	30	30	40	45	45	45	50	50	50	60
Maximum radial force $F_q \downarrow \Pi$	F _{q max}	kN	5.7	5.4	5.4	13.6	14.1	14.1	18.1	18.3	18.3	1.2 ¹⁾	1.5 ¹⁾
at distance a (from shaft collar)	a	mm	16	16	16	20	20	20	25	25	25	41	52.5
Permitted torque at F _{q max}	T _{q max}	Nm	179	179	204	679	679	796	1021	1021	1146		
Permitted differential pressure at F _{q max}	$\Delta p_{q max}$	bar	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400		
Maximum axial force,	+ F _{ax max}	N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
when standstill or in non-pressurized conditions $F_{ax} \stackrel{+}{\longrightarrow} $	- F _{ax max}	N	500	500	500	1250	1250	1250	1600	1600	1600	2000	2500
Maximum axial force, per bar operating pressure	+ F _{ax max}	N/bar	5.2	5.2	5.2	12.9	12.9	12.9	16.7	16.7	16.7		

¹⁾ When at a standstill or when axial piston unit operating in non-pressurized conditions. Higher forces are permissible when under pressure, please contact us.

General instructions

- ► The values given are maximum values and do not apply to continuous operation.
- ► The axial force in direction -F_{ax} is to be avoided as the service life of the bearing is reduced.
- ► Special requirements apply in the case of belt drives. Please contact us.

Notes for sizes 250 ... 355:

- ► In case of radial forces limited performance data is valid. Please contact us.
- ► In case of axial forces during operation of the unit please contact us.

Effect of radial force F_q on the service life of bearings

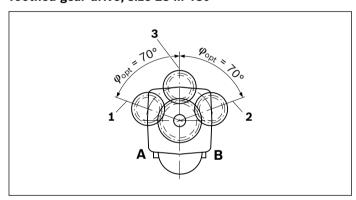
By selecting a suitable direction of radial force F_q the load on the bearings caused by the internal rotary group forces can be reduced, thus optimizing the service life of the bearings. Recommended position of mating gear is dependent on direction of rotation. Examples:

Long-Life bearing

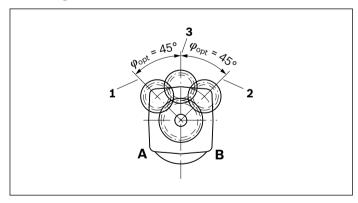
Sizes 250 and 355

For long service life and use with HF hydraulic fluids. Identical external dimensions as version with standard bearings. Subsequent conversion to long-life bearings is possible.

Toothed gear drive, size 28 ... 180



Toothed gear drive, size 250 ... 355

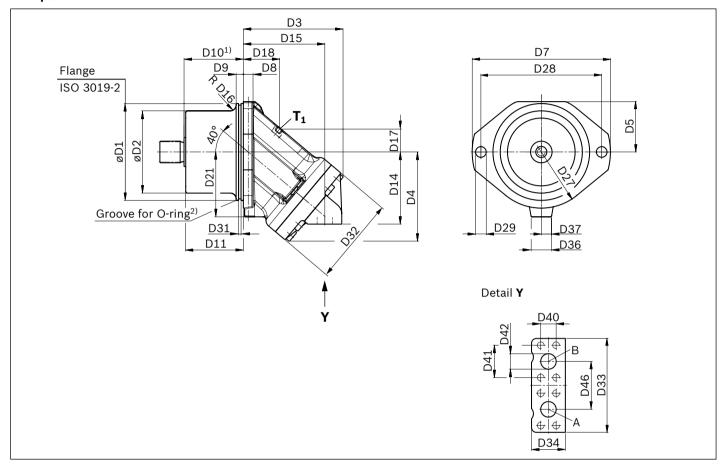


- 1 Direction of rotation "counter-clockwise", pressure at port B
- 2 Direction of rotation "clockwise", pressure at port A
- 3 Direction of rotation "bidirectional"

Dimensions

Size 28 ... 180

Port plate 10



¹⁾ To shaft collar

²⁾ The O-ring is not included in the delivery contents.

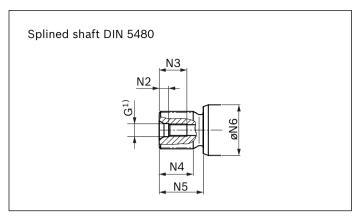
Size	D) 1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D7	D8	D9	D10	D11	D14	D15	D16	D17	D18	D21	D27	D28	D29
Size	m	ım	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
28, 32	135	0 - 0.025	94	114	106	71	188	16	15	88.8	87.1	91	94	10	27	45	95	154	160	14
107, 125	200	0 - 0.029	152.3	178	157	103	286	20	15	122.8	119	136	143	16	41	58	135	232	250	22
160, 180	200	0 - 0.029	171.6	206	185	104	286	20	15	122.8	119.3	149	169	12	47	75	134	232	250	22

Size	D31	D32	D33	D34	D36	D37	D40	D41	D42	D46	O-Ring
Size	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm						
28, 32	5.2	106	115	40	42	13	18.2	40.5	13	59	Ø126 × 4
125, 107	5.2	150	194	70	40	0	31.8	66.7	32	99	Ø192 × 4
160, 180	5.2	180	194	70	42	0	31.8	66.7	32	99	Ø192 × 4

Note

► The dimensional drawings of the port plates with valves can be found in the chapter "Extended functions and versions".

Drive shafts Z and A



¹⁾ Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)

Splined shaft DIN 5480

NG	0-4-	D. dan et an	Thread G	N2	N3	N4	N5	ØN6
NG	Code	Designation	inread G	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
28	Z	W25×1.25×18×9g	M8 × 1.25	6	19	28	43	35
28	Α	W30×2×14×9g	M10 × 1.5	7.5	22	27	35	35
32	А	W30×2×14×9g	M10 × 1.5	7.5	22	27	35	35
107	Z	W40×2×18×9g	M12 × 1.75	9.5	28	37	45	50
107	Α	W45×2×21×9g	M16 × 2	12	36	42	50	50
125	А	W45×2×21×9g	M16 × 2	12	36	42	50	50
100	Z	W45×2×21×9g	M16 × 2	12	36	42	50	60
160	Α	W50×2×24×9g	M16 × 2	12	36	44	55	60
180	А	W50×2×24×9g	M16 × 2	12	36	44	55	60

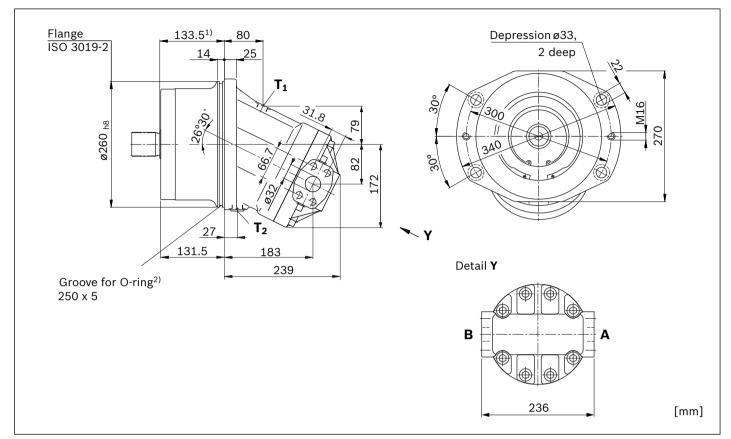
Size			28	32	107	125	160	180			
		Size	1/2	2 in		1 1/4 in					
	\\/l.:	Standard	Dimensions according to SAE J518								
А, В	Working port	Fastening thread 1)	M8 × 125; 1	5 mm deep	M14 × 2; 19 mm deep						
		State on delivery		With	protective cover	protective cover (must be connected)					
		Size	M16 × 15; 1	2 mm deep	M18 × 15; 12 mm deep						
T ₁	Drain port	Standard ²⁾	DIN 3852								
		State on delivery 3)		Plugg	gged (observe installation instructions)						

¹⁾ Thread according to DIN 13

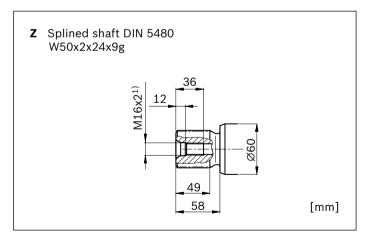
 $^{^{2)}\,}$ The spot face can be deeper than specified in the appropriate standard.

³⁾ Unless otherwise specified. Other layouts on request.

Size 250



- 1) To shaft collar
- $^{\rm 2)}\,$ The O-ring is not included in the delivery contents.



1) Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)

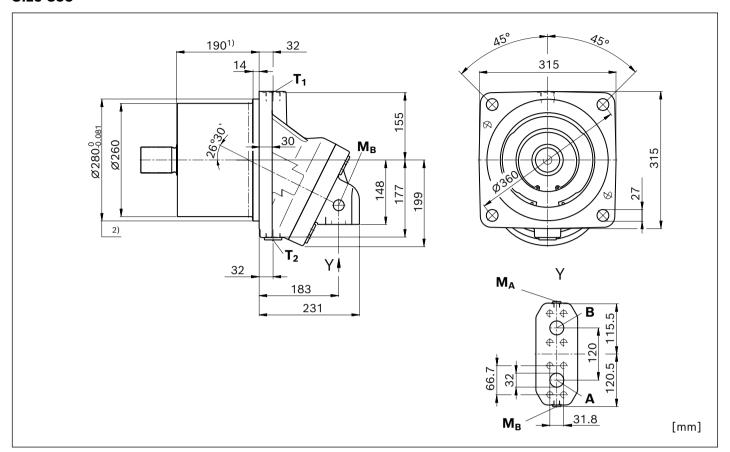
Size			250			
		Size	1 1/4 in			
A, B	Working	Standard	Dimensions according to SAE J518			
А, Б	port	Fastening thread 1)	M14 × 2; 19 mm deep			
		State on delivery	With protective cover (must be connected)			
		Size	M22 × 15; 14 mm deep			
_	Drain	Standard ²⁾	DIN 3852			
T ₁	port	State on delivery ³⁾	With protective cover (observe installation instructions)			
		Size	M22 × 15; 14 mm deep			
T ₂	Drain	Standard ²⁾	DIN 3852			
• 2	port	State on delivery 3)	Plugged (observe installation on instructions)			

¹⁾ Thread according to DIN 13

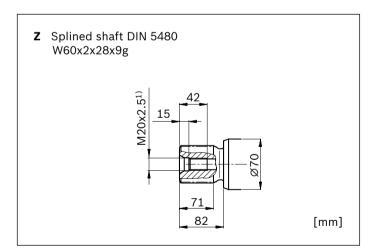
²⁾ The spot face can be deeper than specified in the appropriate standard

³⁾ Unless otherwise specified. Other layouts on request.

Size 355



- 1) To shaft collar
- 2) Flange ISO 3019-2



1) Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)

Size			355
		Size	1 1/4 in
A, B	Working	Standard	Dimensions according to SAE J518
А, Б	port	Fastening thread 1)	M14 × 2; 22 mm deep
		State on delivery	With protective cover (must be connected)
		Size	M33 × 2; 18 mm deep
		Standard ²⁾	DIN 3852
T ₁	Drain port	State on delivery ³⁾	With protective cover (observe installation instructions)
		Size	M33 × 2; 18 mm deep
T ₂	Drain port	Standard ²⁾	DIN 3852
- 2	Drain port	State on delivery 3)	Plugged (observe installation instructions)
	Measuring	Size	M14 × 15; 12 mm deep
M_A , M_B	port pres-	Standard ²⁾	DIN 3852
5	sure A, B	State on delivery	Plugged

¹⁾ Thread according to DIN 13

 $^{^{2)}}$ The spot face can be deeper than specified in the appropriate standard.

 $^{^{\}rm 3)}\,$ Unless otherwise specified. Other layouts on request.

Extended functions and versions

Flushing and boost pressure valve

The flushing and boost pressure valve is used in closed circuits for the removal of heat and to ensure a minimum boost pressure level.

Hydraulic fluid is directed from the respective low pressure side into the motor housing. This is then fed into the reservoir, together with the leakage. The removed hydraulic fluid must be replaced by cooled hydraulic fluid from the boost pump.

Cracking pressure of pressure retaining valve

(observe when setting the primary valve) Sizes 107 to 355, fixed setting: 16 bar

Switching pressure of flushing piston Δp

Sizes 107 to 355: 8±1 bar

Flushing flow q_v

Orifices (throttles with integrated valve) can be used to set the flushing flows as required.

The specifications below are based on:

 $\Delta p_{ND} = p_{ND} - p_G = 25 \text{ bar and } v = 10 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$

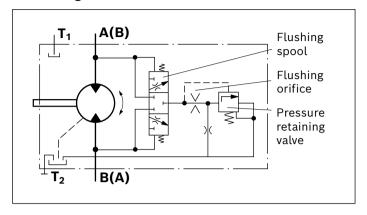
 $(p_{ND} = low pressure, p_G = case pressure)$

Flushing and boost-pressure valve attached (port plates 027 and 017)

Size	Flushing flow q_{ν}	Orifice-Ø	Material number
3126	l/min	mm	of orifice
107, 125	8	1.8	R909419696
160, 180	- 10	2	R909419697
250	- 10	2	K909419697
355	16	2.5	R910803019

With sizes 107 to 180, orifices can be supplied for flushing flows from 8 to 10 l/min. For flushing flows deviating from the values in the table, please state the required flushing flow when ordering. For nominal sizes 250 to 355, please always specify the flushing flow. For sizes 107 to 180 the flushing flow without orifice is approx. 12 to 14 l/min at low pressure Δp_{ND} = 25 bar, for sizes 250 to 355 please contact us.

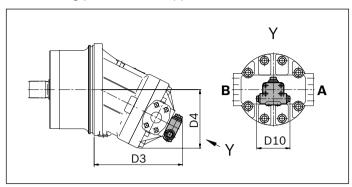
Circuit diagram



Dimensions

Port plate 027

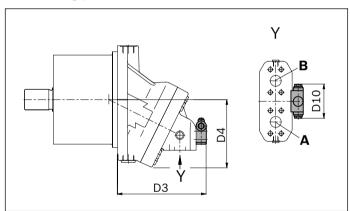
SAE working ports at side, opposite



Size	D3	D4	D10
	mm	mm	mm
107, 125	211	192	102
160, 180	232	201	102
250	260.5	172	102

Port plate 107

SAE working ports at bottom



Size	D3	D4	D10
Size	mm	mm	mm
355	260	199	102

Pressure relief valve

The MHDB pressure relief valves protect the hydraulic motor from overload. As soon as the set cracking pressure is reached, the hydraulic fluid flows from the high-pressure side to the low-pressure side.

The pressure relief valves are only available in conjunction with connection plates 181, 191 or 192 (port plate 181: see section "BVD and BVE counterbalance valve").

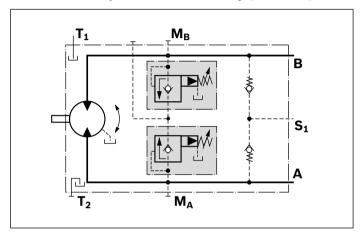
Setting range of cracking pressure: 50 up to 420 bar

For versions "with pressure sequencing stage" (code 192), a higher pressure setting can be implemented by connecting an external pilot pressure of 25 up to 30 bar at port \mathbf{P}_{St} .

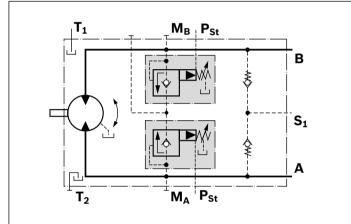
When ordering, state in plain text:

- ► Cracking pressure of pressure relief valve
- Cracking pressure with pilot pressure applied to P_{St} (only with version 192)

Version without pressure boost facility (code 191)



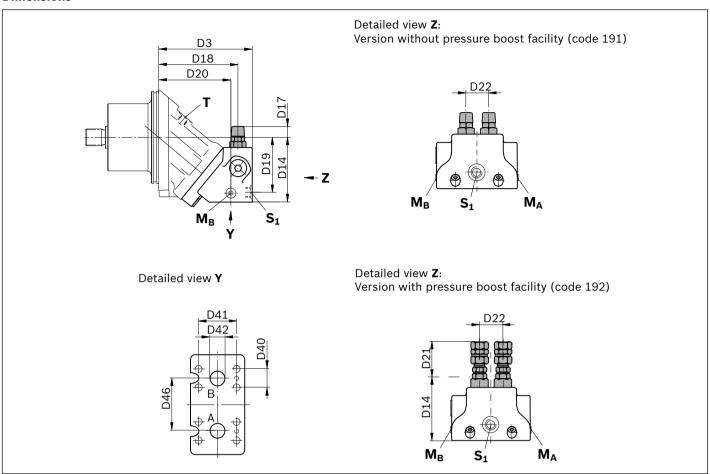
Version with pressure boost facility (code 192)



Permissible input flow or pressure in case of port plate with pressure-relief valves

Size		Code	p _{nom}	p _{max}	q _V	
Motor	MHDB	Code	bar	bar	l/min	
28 32	16	191, 192	350	420	100	
107 180	32	191, 192	330	420	400	

Dimensions



Size		D3	D14	D17	D18	D19	D20	D21	D22	D40	D41	D42	D46
Motor	MHDB	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
28, 32	16	145	102	25	122	87	110	68	36	23.8	50.8	19	66
107, 125	20	216	149.5	10	184	130	168	52	53	31.8	66.7	32	84
160, 180	32	249	170	5	218	149	202	47	53	31.8	66.7	32	84

Size			28, 32	107, 125	160, 180			
		Size	3/4 in	1 1,	/4 in			
4 B	\\/\.	Standard	Di	mensions according to SAE J5	18			
A, B	Working port	Fastening thread 1)	M10 × 15; 17 mm deep	M14 × 2; 19 mm deep				
		State on delivery	With p	orotective cover (must be conn	ected)			
		Size	M22 × 15; 14 mm deep	M26 × 15;	16 mm deep			
S ₁	Boost port	Standard	DIN 3852					
		State on delivery	With p	orotective cover (must be conn	ected)			
_	Pilot pressure	Size		G 1/4 ²⁾				
P _{St}	port	Standard		DIN ISO 228				
		Size	M20 × 15; 14 mm deep	M26 × 15; 16 mm deep	M30 × 15; 16 mm deep			
M _A , M _B	Measuring port pressure A, B	Standard ³⁾		DIN 3852				
	picasuic A, D	State on delivery	Plugged					

 $^{^{1)}}$ Thread according to DIN 13

²⁾ Only with port plate 192

³⁾ The spot face can be deeper than specified in the appropriate standard.

Counterbalance valve BVD and BVE

Function

Travel drive/winch counterbalance valves are designed to reduce the danger of overspeeding and cavitation of axial piston motors in open circuits. Cavitation occurs if the motor speed is greater than it should be for the given input flow while braking, travelling downhill, or lowering a load.

If the inlet pressure drops, the counterbalance spool throttles the return flow and brakes the motor until the inlet pressure returns to approx. 20 bar.

Note

- ▶ BVD available for sizes 28 to 180 and BVE available for sizes 107 to 180.
- ► The counterbalance valve must be ordered additionally. We recommend ordering the counterbalance valve and the motor as a set. Ordering example:

 A2FM(E)107/61W-VAB**188** + BVD20F27S/41B-V03K16D0400S12
- ► The counterbalance valve does not replace the mechanical service brake and park brake.
- ► Observe the detailed notes on the BVD counterbalance valve in data sheet 95522 and BVE counterbalance valve in data sheet 95526!
- ► For the design of the brake release valve, we must know for the mechanical park brake:
 - the pressure at the start of opening
 - the volume of the counterbalance spool between minimum stroke (brake closed) and maximum stroke (brake released with 21 bar)
 - the required closing time for a warm device (oil viscosity approx. 16 mm²/s)

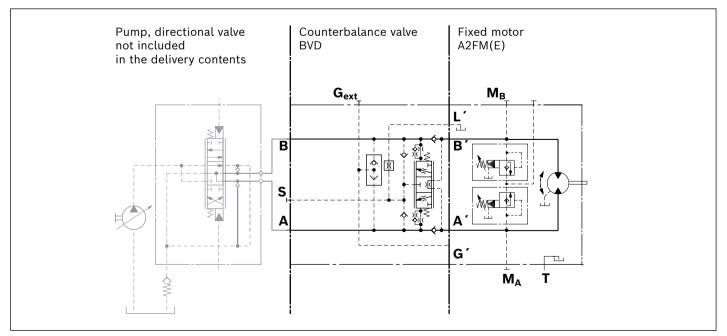
Travel drive counterbalance valve BVD...F

Application option:

▶ Travel drive on wheeled excavators

Example schematic for travel drive on wheeled excavators

A2FM(E)107/61W-VAB188 + BVD20F27S/41B-V03K16D0400S12



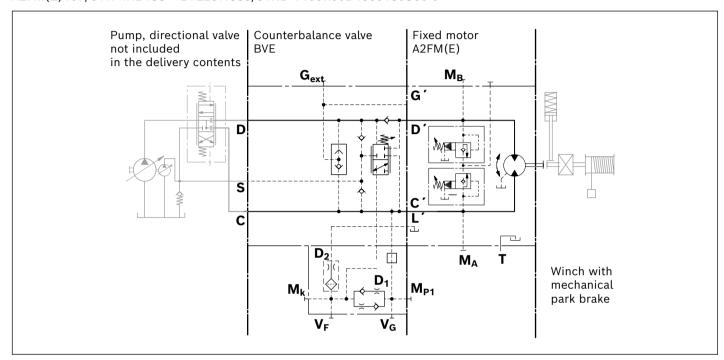
Winch counterbalance valve BVD...W and BVE

Application options:

- ▶ Winch drive in cranes (BVD and BVE)
- ► Track drive in excavator crawlers (BVD)

Example circuit diagram for winch drive in cranes

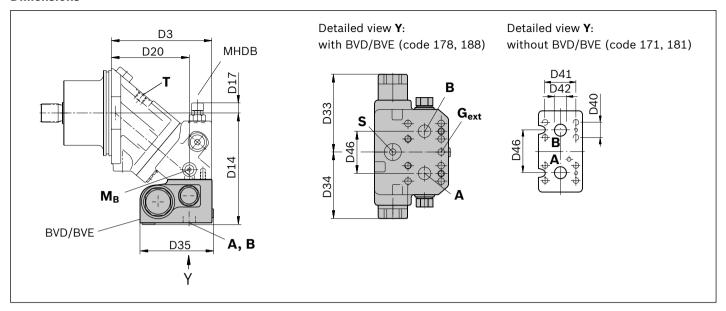
A2FM(E)107/61W-VAB188 + BVE25W385/51ND-V100K00D4599T30S00-0



Permissible input flow or pressure in case of port plate with counterbalance valves

Size				\mathbf{p}_{nom}	p _{max}	$q_{\rm V}$	
Motor	BVD/ BVE	MHDB	Code	bar	bar	l/min	
28 32	20	16	181, 188			100	
107 125	20	22	171, 178	350	420	220	
107 180	25	32	181, 188			320	

Dimensions



Size		Cada	D3	D14	D17	D20	D33	D34	D35 ¹⁾	D40	D41	D42	D46
Motor	Counterbalance valve	Code	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
28, 32	BVD2016	188	145	175	25	110	139	98	142	23.8	50.8	19	66
	BVD2028	178	216	238	10	168	139	98	142	27.8	57.2	25	84
107, 125	BVD2538	188	216	239	10	168	175	120.5	158	31.8	66.7	32	84
	BVE2538	188	216	240	10	168	214	137	167	31.8	66.7	32	84
460 400	BVD2538	188	249	260	5	202	175	120.5	158	31.8	66.7	32	84
160, 180	BVE2538	188	249	260	5	202	214	137	167	31.8	66.7	32	84

¹⁾ For version with brake release valve (BV...L): Dimension D35 +5 mm

Size			28, 32	107, 125	5	160, 180		
		Size	3/4 in	1 in ¹⁾	1 1/4 in ²⁾	1 1/4 in		
A D	\\/	Standard	Dimensions according to SAE J518					
A, B	Working port	Fastening thread ³⁾	M10 × 15; 17 mm deep	M12 × 175; 16 mm deep	M14 × 2; 19	mm deep		
		State on delivery	With protective cover (must be connected)					
		Size	M22 × 15;	4 mm deep	M27 × 2; 16	mm deep		
S	Boost port	Standard ⁴⁾	DIN 3852					
		State on delivery	Plugged					
	Brake release	Size	M12 × 1.5					
B _r	port	Standard ⁴⁾	DIN 3852					
	(only BVL)	State on delivery	With protective cover (must be connected)					
	Brake release	Size		M12 × 1.5				
G_{ext}	port	Standard ⁴⁾	DIN 3852					
	(only BVS)	State on delivery	Plugged					
		Size	M12 × 15; 12 mm deep					
M_A , M_B	Measuring port pressure A, B	Standard ⁴⁾						
	picasuie A, D	State on delivery	Plugged					

¹⁾ With BVD20

²⁾ With BVD25 / BVE25

 $^{^{3)}}$ Thread according to DIN 13

 $^{^{\}rm 4)}\,$ The spot face can be deeper than specified in the appropriate standard.

Speed sensors

The versions A2FE...U ("prepared for speed sensor", i.e. without sensor) are equipped with a toothed ring on the rotary group.

On deliveries "prepared for speed sensor", the port is plugged with a pressure-resistant cover.

With the DSA speed sensor mounted a signal proportional to motor speed can be generated. The sensors measures the speed and direction of rotation.

Ordering code, technical data, dimensions and details on the connector, plus safety information about the sensor can be found in the relevant data sheet. DSA: data sheet 95133

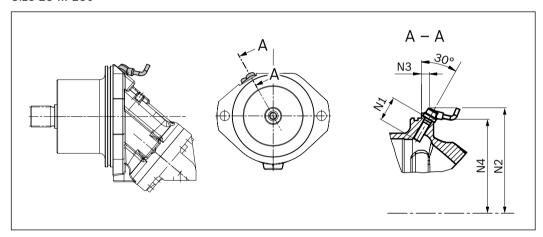
The sensor is mounted at the specially provided port as follows:

DSA: with one mounting bolt

We recommend ordering the A2FE plug-in motor complete with sensor mounted.

DSA speed sensor mounted (code V)

Size 28 ... 250



Motor	Number of teeth	N1	N2	N3	N4
Size	Number of teeth	mm	mm	mm	mm
28 32	38	32	86	15	66
107 125	59	32	104	28	85
160 180	67	32	114	33	95
250	78 ₋₁	32			

Project planning information

Installation instructions

General

- During commissioning and operation, the axial piston unit must be filled with hydraulic fluid and air bled. This must also be observed following a relatively long standstill as the axial piston unit may drain back to the reservoir via the hydraulic lines.
- ► The case drain fluid in the housing must be directed to the reservoir via the highest available drain port (T₁,T₂).
- ► If a shared drain line is used for several units, make sure that the respective case pressure is not exceeded.

The shared drain line must be dimensioned to ensure that the maximum permissible case pressure of all connected units is not exceeded in any operating conditions, specifically on cold start. If this is not possible, separate reservoir lines must be laid as required.

- ► To achieve favorable noise values, all connecting lines should be decoupled by using elastic elements and above-reservoir installation is to be avoided.
- ► In all operating conditions, the drain line must flow into the reservoir below the minimum fluid level.

Installation position

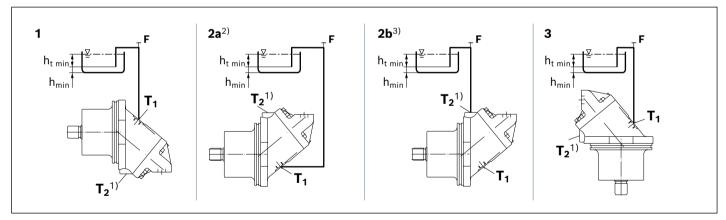
See the following examples 1 to 6.

Further installation positions are possible upon request.

Recommended installation position: 1 and 2.

Below-tank installation (standard)

Below-tank installation is at hand if the axial piston unit is installed below the minimum liquid level outside the tank.

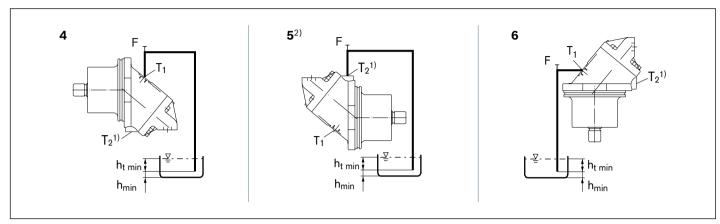


- 1) Standard for sizes 250 and 355, special version for sizes 28 to 180.
- $^{2)}$ Piping suggestion without port T₂ (sizes 28 to 180)
- $^{3)}$ Piping suggestion with Port T₂ (sizes 250 to 355).

Installation position	Air bleeding	Filling
1	F	T ₁
2a	F	T ₁
2b	F	T ₂
3	F	T ₁

Above-reservoir installation

Above-reservoir installation means that the axial piston unit is installed above the minimum fluid level of the reservoir.



- 1) Standard for sizes 250 and 355, special version for sizes 28 to 180.
- $^{2)}$ Installation position only permissible if port T_2 is fitted (sizes 250 and 355).

Installation position	Air bleeding	Filling
4	F	T ₁ (F)
5	F	T ₂ (F)
6	F	T ₁ (F)

Key

F Filling / Air bleeding

 T_1, T_2 Drain port

 $h_{t\,min}$ Minimum required immersion depth (200 mm)

h_{min} Minimum required spacing to reservoir bottom (100 mm)

Note: Connection **F** is part of the external piping and must be provided on the customer side to simplify the filling and bleeding.

General project planning notes

24

- ► The axial piston motor is designed to be used in open and closed circuits.
- ► The project planning, installation and commissioning of the axial piston unit require the involvement of qualified skilled personnel.
- ▶ Before using the axial piston unit, please read the corresponding instruction manual completely and thoroughly. If necessary, request it from Bosch Rexroth.
- Before finalizing your design, request a binding installation drawing.
- ▶ The specified datas and notes must be observed.
- ▶ Preservation: Our axial piston units are supplied as standard with preservative protection for a maximum of 12 months. If longer preservative protection is required (maximum 24 months), please specify this in plain text when placing your order. The preservation times are valid under optimal storage conditions. Details of these conditions can be found in the data sheet 90312 or the instruction manual.
- ► Not all versions of the product are approved for use in a safety function according to ISO 13849. Please consult the responsible contact person at Bosch Rexroth if you require reliability parameters (e.g. MTTF_D) for functional safety.
- ► A pressure relief valve is to be provided in the hydraulic system.
- Observe the instructions in the instruction manual regarding tightening torques of connection threads and other threaded joints used.
- ► The notes in the instruction manual on tightening torques of the port threads and other screw joints must be observed.
- ▶ The ports and fastening threads are designed for the permissible maximum pressure p_{max} (see instruction manual). The machine or system manufacturer must ensure that the connecting elements and lines correspond to the specified operating conditions (pressure, flow, hydraulic fluid, temperature) with the necessary safety factors.
- ► The working ports and function ports are designated only to accommodate hydraulic lines.

Safety Instructions

- ▶ During and shortly after operation, there is a risk of getting burnt on the axial piston unit and especially on the solenoids. Take the appropriate safety measures (e.g. by wearing protective clothing).
- Moving parts in control equipment (e.g. valve spools) can, under certain circumstances, get stuck in position as a result of contamination (e.g. contaminated hydraulic fluid, abrasion, or residual dirt from components). As a result, the hydraulic fluid flow and the build-up of torque in the axial piston unit can no longer respond correctly to the operator's specifications. Even the use of various filter elements (external or internal flow filtration) will not rule out a fault but merely reduce the risk. The machine/system manufacturer must test whether remedial measures are needed on the machine for the application concerned in order to bring the driven consumer into a safe position (e.g. safe stop) and ensure any measures are properly implemented.
- ▶ In certain conditions, moving parts in high pressure relief valves might get stuck in an undefined position due to contamination (e.g. contaminated hydraulic fluid). This can result in restriction or loss of load holding functions in lifting winches. Therefore it is the machine and/or system manufacturers responsibility to make sure that the load can always be put in a safe mode if needed. Also, he needs to ensure that these measures are properly implemented.

Accessories

Product	Refer to document
Counterbalance valve BVD 20-25	RE 95522
Counterbalance valve BVE 25	RE 95526
Speed sensor DSA	RE 95133